#### Hizbollah: No help on Israelis

BEIRUT (AP) — Hizboilah (Party of God) said Tuesday it will not meet any U.S. team sent to determine the fate of missing Israeli servicemen in Lebanon. The Iranian-backed group that holds two of the six missing Israelis said in a statement that the United States' unwavering support of Israel made it "unqualified to play any humanitarian role." The United States "has methodically undertaken to provide cover to Israel's repeated aggression and massacres against the Lehanese people," the statement said. It came in response to U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher's announcement in Damascus on Sunday that Syrian President Hafez Al Assad had promised to help determine the fate of the missing Israelis. Mr. Christopher, who is trying to break a deadlock in the Syrian-Israeli track of the Middle East peace negotiations, called Mr. Assad's pledge an "important humanitarian gesture," in the peace negotiations. U.S. officials travelling with Mr. Christopher have said Mr. Assad has agreed to help a U.S. congressional team make a fact-finding trip to Syria and Lebanon to determine the fate of the Israeli servicemen.



## **AMMAN CHICAGO**

**DEPARTURE AMMAN** ARRIVAL CHICAGO

SATURDAY 23:59 SUNDAY 15:50

Sales & Reservation: 666055 or your travel agent

AIR FRANCE

اطلبوا منا العالم

Volume 18 Number 5482

AMMAN WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1993, JUMADA AL THANI 24, 1414

Price: 150 Fils

## House today takes confidence vote on government

By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The Lower House of Parliament is today expected to end its discussion of a vote of confidence in the Cabinet of Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali with 15 deputies scheduled to take the floor before the government presents its response and a vote is taken.

Deputies and observers say the Cabinet will leave the session with a humble victory as no more than 47 deputies are expected to give it a vote of confidence. Twenty-five to 28 deputies are expected to withhold confidence; the rest of the 80 parliamentarians are expected to abstain.

Nineteen deputies delivered speeches Tuesday, the third day of the marathon session during which many of the 60 deputies who spoke severely criticised the government for its "undemocratic" record while others praised it as an able cabinet worthy of the House's confidence.

The government got a taste of what it means to work when the House is sitting," said one deputy at the end of the ses-

sion, which saw the govern-ment subjected to the hardest criticism over its dissolution of the 11th Parliament, changing the Election Law, alleged in-terference in the Nov. 8 elec-tions and undemocratic and

trist deputies also castigated the government for allegedly exercising favouritism in filling senior public positions, showing disrespect for the House and "dictatorial" style of gov-

The government came under fire for "breaking the norm and traditions" by not resigning after the elections, failing to consult deputies over last week's ministerial changes and allegedly using its power to favour representatives of one party, Al Ahd, in appointing governors, general directors

only Al Ahd is represented in the Cabinet in which no other shades of the political spectrum have no presence.
"We demand that this gov-

unconstitutional practices.

Leftists, Islamists and cen-

The Lower House of Parliament in session Tuesday Referring to the Cabinet's dissolution of the 11th Parlia-ment, Mr. Hahashneh, a lef-tist, asserted the government's and other senior officials. Deputies also claimed that practices demonstrated the easiness with which it could reverse the democratic pro-

This government believes in electric therapy which stuns hut does not kill and leave the ernment resign because it will not be able to face the chal-langes," said Deputy Samir Habashneh (Karak). shocked person living in fear," said Deputy Abdul Raouf Al Rawabdeh (Irbid) in a speech,

full of criticism of the Cabinet. Mr. Rawabdeh, president of the eight-member Jordan National Front (JNF) bloc. echoed other deputies in saying the introduction of the one-person, one-vote formula into the Election Law strengthened tribalism and sectarianism in the country and delivered a severe blow to national

National unity has also heen weakened by favouritism, nepotism and discrimination among citizens, many deputies said, demanding that citizens be treated equally.

In addition to demands that such practises and, Mr. Rawahdeh insisted that the government explain why, as he claimed, it is restricting the use of a \$12 million trade protocol with Iraq to two individuals and planning to sell its shares in a national company to another individual.

Islamic Action Front (IAF)
deputies attacked the govern-

ment for participating in the peace process with Israel and demanded that the country withdraw from it. They criticised the informa-

tion policy, which, they said, is promoting peace with Israel and warned against changing school curricula to suit the requirements of the era of normalisation of relations with

The front deputies accused the government of irregular-ities during the Nov. 8 elec-tions, saying the Cahinet work-ed to discredit IAF candidates and reduce their chances of winning the polls.

They said the government did not respond to His Majesty King Hussein's orders that the

elections be fair and honest. "The elections were any thing hut honest," said IAF Tafileh Deputy Abdullah Al Akaileh.

Dr. Akaileh said the government used its employees and power to promote certain candidates and intimidate voters not to vote to others while Irbid IAF deputy Abdul Rahim Al Okour indicated the that attacked the front's candi-

"I have evidence that the government distributed these leaflets," Mafraq Deputy Abdul Karim Al Dughm said in a speech that included the strongest attack on the govern-ment's policy, record and members.

Claiming that former Deputy Leith Shbeilat was implicated in a "fabricated" sedition plot hecause of his strong opposition to the government last year, Mr. Dughmi said fear would not stop him from opposing the government be-cause "this is a national duty."

"This government (represents) a coup d'etat on demo-cracy," said Mr. Dughmi, who claimed the government's practices were undemocratic, unconstitutional and lacking in respect for the people and their representatives.

Ma'an Deputy Awad Khleifat said the government fell short of the people's expectations because it is neither a pobtical nor a technocratic vernment.

The government also came under attack for raising the salaries of ministers at a time when, said Mr. Dughmi, Mr. Akaileh and other deputies, the raises should have gone to civil servants whose standards of living continue to fall.

Balqa Deputy Hashem Dabbas was among depunes who indicated support for the government and defended its re-cord in handling the elections and praised its ability to govern.

"The elections were honest and fair,." said Mr. Dahbas. Mr. Dahhas and other deputies endorsed Jordan's participation in the peace process, provided it produces a just and comprehensive settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict.

Deputies demanded that Jordan seek better relations with other Arah countries, with many calling for an end to the sanctions against Iraq and continued support for the Palestinian people.

The problems of poverty and unemployment were raised by many deputies who warned that poverty is spreading and demanded the government find immediate solutions to these problems. They demanded that subsidies be not lifted from basic goods and no new

#### Major bridge built across River Tigris

BAGHDAD (AFP) - Iraq has finished building a twolevel bridge over the Tigris River in Baghdad, the first of its kind in the region, official newspapers said here Tuesday. The "Leader's Bridge," 400 metres long and 20 metres wide, was described as a "challenge" to the U.N. emhargo imposed on Iraq after its inva-sion of Kuwait in August 1990.

#### Sudan, Egypt to exchange detainees

KHARTOUM (AFP) -Sudan and Egypt have agreed on an exchange of detainees, Sudanese Foreign Minister Hussein Suleiman Abu Salih said here Tuesday. He told a weekly press briefing that the five Sudanese being held hy Egypt would be freed and flown to Sudan on Thursday. while the four Egyptians held in Sudan would he repatriated the same day. Mr. Ahu Salih did not identify the detainees or say when or why they were arrested. He expressed the hope that the move would serve as a stimulant for improving hilateral ties

#### **Bonn warns citizens** of Algeria travel

BONN (AP) - The Foreign ministry on Monday warned Germans not to travel to Algeria unless absolutely necessary. The ministry in a statement said the security situation in Algeria had seriously worsened and that since the beginning of the month "violent acts by Islamic fundamentalists are being aimed at foreigners." Those absolutely needing to travel to Algeria should be fully aware of the security risks, the statement said.

#### Aspin sees war with, nuclear arms

WASHINGTON (AFP) The United States must be prepared to cope with a future war in which Iraq would have nuclear weapons, Defence Secretary Les Aspin said here Tuesday. Washington has had to adapt its nuclear non-proliferation policy in the post-cold war world to take account of states which manage to acquire nuclear weapons. Mr. Aspin said. U.S. troops could find themselves "fighting a Desert Storm-type of war with the opponent actually having a handful of nuclear weapons, Mr. Aspin said in a speech to the National Academy of Sciences. He said the new policy doesn't apply particularly to North Korea, but certainly North Korea would be an example." Washington has said it is reviewing its options in South Korea amid fcars that North Korea is developing a nuclear weapon, or may even have one already, after refusing for nine months to allow international inspections of its nuclear facilities.

## Moves are under way for Israel-PLO summit

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) is seeking a meeting next week between Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin to overcome obstacles impeding the implementation of a historic accord signed in Washington three

months ago.

Palestinian officials in Amman and Tunis said that contacts were underway to ensure a Palestinian-Israeli summit on Dec. 12, a day prior to the agreed upon date for the beginning of Israeli troop withdrawal from Gaza and Jericho.

They said that Israel seemed interested in such a meeting as it became clear that the Cairo negotiations were leading nowhere.

"The negotiations have he come futile. The sticking points are very serious and require top-level political decisions on both sides," said one PLO official in Tunis. The venue of the Israeli-

Palestinian summit has not been decided hut some Palestinian officials did not rule out that Mr. Rabin might go to Tunis, the hase of the PLO, to meet Mr. Arafat. The PLO leader has urged

the U.S. to intervene to pressure Israel to abide by the agreed upon withdrawal Self-rule remains stalled

CAIRO (Agencies) - The

Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) autonomy

negotiations are still blocked

on Jericho and the control of

crossing points into Jordan and

Egypt as the deadline for

agreement looms, the chief

Palestinian negotiator said

tiations would resume

Wednesday in Cairo and the

Egyptian town of El Arisb in

the Sinai desert after a one-day

Under the autonomy accord

signed Sept. 13, the Israeli

army is to start pulling out of

Gaza and Jericho next Mon-

day. But with the negotiations

stalling on key issues, Israeli

Prime Minister Yithzak Rabin

has said the withdrawal was

likely to be delayed by one or

Despite the blockage on

crossing points and the amount

of land around the West Bank

town of Jericho to be handed

over for Palestinian self-rule,

Dr. Shaath reported progress

on the issue of Jewish settle-

ments in the Gaza Strip.

two weeks.

Nabil Shaath said the nego-

Gaza officials to stay THE PALESTINE Liberation Organisation (PLO) has decided

to keep major administrative officials in their posts in the Gaza Strip instead of appointing new personnel. PLO officials told the Jordan Times that the decision took into consideration the fact that the heads of the various administrative

departments have the needed expertise and the political creden-

"They are qualified and have political credibility. There is no

But the other reasons behind the decision-seem to be political. in the sense that the PLO is racing agains time to prove its preparedness and that it is trying to avoid the resentment of local administration officials.

"A sbakeup of the existing system will not be wise. Other than that we do not want them to feel that they are being invaded and replaced hy political appointees in Tunis," said the official. The decision was made after extensive consultations with Palestinian leaders in the occupied territories.

date, hut Palestinian officials said that U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher supported Mr. Rabin's position during his meeting with Mr. Arafat in Amman on

Monday. Mr. Christopher and Mr. Arafat will hold another round of talks in Tunis on

What Mr. Christopher might deliver to help ease the rising tensions are assurances hy Mr. Rabin concerning measures to curb Israeli settlers attacks on Palestinians. Mr. Arafat, according to

his aides, sought such assur-ances during his meeting with Mr. Christopher. The PLO

on Jericho and crossings

elaborating.

confirmed.

"The Israelis are reducing

their claims concerning settle-ments," he told AFP without

Israel has said it wants to

bold onto 10 per cent of the

360 square kilometres which

make up Gaza, whereas the

PLO agrees to a maximum of

five per cent for the settle-

Dr. Shaath said PLO Chair-

man Yasser Arafat may meet Mr. Rabin in Cairo within the

next week, but it was "not yet

The latest round of negotia-

tions resumed on Sunday and

are schednled to run until

Negotiations have stalled

over boundaries for Jericho,

security for settlers, and con-

trol over crossing points be-tween Egypt and Gaza as well

as between Jordan and

But the PLO has reported

The two delegation leaders

at the Israeli-Palestinian talks

on autonomy, namely Dr.

Shaath and Amnon Shahak for

progress on the release of

Plaestinian prisoners.

leader was said to be infuriated by doubts expressed by Israel and some Western gov ernments about the PLO's ahility to maintain order following the expected Israeli

withdrawal.

'Arafat is annoyed by the way he is pressured to maintain order even prior to the transfer of power while there are no similar pressures on Rabin to do so now with the Israeli settlers," said a Fateh official in Tunis.

Mr. Arafat has come under fire hy many Palestinians for condemning attacks by Palestinians against Israeli

(Continued on page 10)

Israel, would exchange docu-

ments for a preliminary draft containing the views of each

side on the issues now under

A source confirmed that the

present round of negotiations

was heing prolonged until Thursday in a hid to clinch an

agreement which would allow

Israeli troops to start with-

drawing from the Gaza Strisp

and Jericho on the scheduled

Israel appears increasingly

to favour postponing the with-

drawal in view of current vio-

lence in the occupied territor-

ies. Even the Palestinians, who

said Monday the negotiators

are "working against time" to keep to the Dec. 13 deadline,

are privately mentioning the

possibility of a postponement.

In Bonn, Mr. Arafat said

any delay in implementing the

self-rule accord would hurt the

credibility of the Middle East

Mr. Arafat told reporters in

Germany he could not imagine

(Continued on page 10)

peace process.

date of Dec. 13.

discussion.

## Gaza sheikh killed; trouble in Hebron

GAZA CITY, Occupied Gaza Strip (Agencies) — Masked assailants shot dead a Muslim cleric. Sheikh Khaled Saqaliah, in the Rimal district of Gaza City Tuesday, Palestinians said.

The attackets burst into the 45-year-old sheikh's pastry shop and shot him dead at

shop and shot him dead at point blank range.

The killing was universally condemned by Palestinian groups, including Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) faction and the Islamic Resistance Movement (Hamas). They pledged to hunt for the

Sheikh Saqallah, regarded as close to Fatch, had been jailed several times by the Israeli authorities during the 1970s. Several Fateh officials have been killed by masked gunmen in the Gaza Strip since the PLO-Israel antonomy accord was signed on Sept. 13.

One of the faction's founders, Assad Saftawi, was killed on Oct. 21.

The killing of another Fatch member, Mohammad Ahu Shaaban, on Sept. 21 was believed to be an internal settling of scores.

The Israeli army has arrested 22 suspected members of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) in the occupied West Bank, Palestinian sources said.

The arrests took place overnight Monday in Ramallah, El Bireh, Bethlehem, Nahlus and

The PFLP is strongly opposed to the PLO-Israel antonomy accord signed on

Sept. 13. The suspects included Ali Jaradat, a researcher at Bir Zeit University on the West Bank, Ghassan Jarrar, a Ramallah resident released from jail three months ago, and Rihhi Katamesh, a lawyer

from El Bireh. In a joint statement issued in Damascus, the PFLP and the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP), which is also opposed to the autonomy accord, said Palestinians in the occupied territories needed "international protection" against Jewish settler

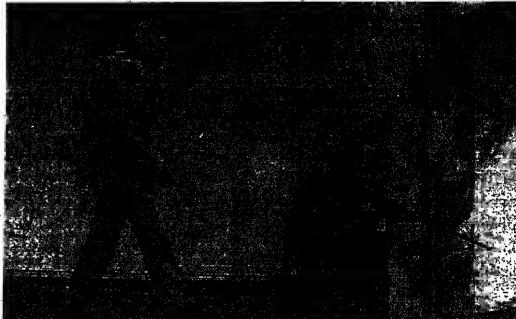
They also called for a complete Israeli withdrawal from the occupied territories, and warned Mr. Arafat against "submissing to Israeli pressure" over Palestinian resistance to the settlers.

violence.

Two settlers were shot dead hy Palestinian near Hehron in the West Bank Monday, in an attack claimed by Movement Hamas. Jewish settlers and soldiers

shot at Palestinians when a funeral procession for the two settlers was stoned in the West Bank town of Hebron Tuesday, witnesses said. There were no immediate reports of casualties.

The procession of thousands turned violent after nightfall as mourners passed through the



A Palestinian passes an Israeli soldier taking cover during a demonstration held in Ramallah

in the occupied West Bank (AFP photo) heart of Hebron carrying the two coffins to a Jewish cemetery. Shai Bazak, a settler spokesman, and witnesses said Palestinians stoned the demonstrators as they passed.

Some armed Jewish settlers in the crowd and soldiers guarding the mourners started firing at Palestinian homes. Some chanted "slaughter the Arabs" in Arabic and "re-

Hebron has been the flashpoint of the latest violence by Jewish and Muslim hardliners opposed to the Israel-PLO peace accord.

U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher said Tuesday the United States and Israel would redonble Middle East peace efforts amid the spiralling violence.
After meeting Israeli Prime

nearly 90 minutes, Mr. Christopher told reporters: "We agreed that we would react to this by redoubling our efforts to seek peace, a peace with security for all the people of

"This spiralling violence simply must to an end. The enemies of the peace process are trying to south out the hope that burns so brightly for peace here," Mr. Christopher said.

September, saying Israel re-fused to commit itself to a full

A senior Israeli nfficial told

reporters the aim was to re-

sume talks between Israel and

neighbouring Arah states in

Washington early next year, an

announcement is expected

when Mr. Christopher returns

that there is something that can

he reached in terms of timing.

hut he will announce it unly

the area." Mr. Rahin said.

towards the end of his visit in

Mr. Rahin said Israel's top

priority was implementing its

deal with the Palestine Libera-

tion Organisation (PLO) on

Palestinian self-rule due to

start next Monday in the Gaza

Strip and the West Bank town

The secretary mentioned

to Damascus Thursday.

withdrawal from Gnlan.

## Israel expects Syria talks to resume in January

TEL AVIV (Agencis) — Israel said Tuesday Syria was ready tn resume hilateral peace talks. and U.S. and Israeli nfficials suggested these could get under way in January after a four-month gap.

Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, emerging from a meeting with visiting U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher . said Syrian President Hafez Al Assad had "expressed his readiness to resume the talks.

But an official Syrian newspaper. the English-language Syria Times, repeated on Tuesday Syria's position that the talks could not resume until Israel gave a firm commitment to quit the Gnlan Heights. The paper also said Syria

had rejected an Israeli offer of a "four-phase withdrawal" from the Golan in return fur The Syria Times said the

plan was turned down during Mr. Christopher's visit Sunday when he met President Assad. "Mr. Christupher heard in Damaseus an upen and frank rejection of the Israeli 'fourphase withdrawal in return for immediate peace with Syria' plan." the English-language

daily said. A commentary in the newspaper gave no details of the

plan, hut Damascus insists on a full withdrawal from the Gnlan.

State Department spokes-man Michael McCurry called the report preposterous. He said the U.S. team had no knowledge of any such fourphase plan by Israel.

Mr. Christopher is to make a return visit to Damascus on Thursday as part of his Middle East tour. "Syria could accept schedul-

ing the coming round of the Washington talks only if Mr. Christopher hrings with him concrete and explicit guarantees of an Israeli withdrawal. said the Syria Times.

"Otherwise, all his efforts will mean nnthing," it warned. Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rahin, who met Mr. Christopher Sunday, said the Secretary of State was likely to annnunce a timetable later in the week for the Syrian-Israeli talks stalled since September.

Asked if they would resume next munth, a U.S. officials on Mr. Christopher's Middle East tour said: "I wouldn't guide vnu away from it, hut the secretary abvinusly has annther discussion with Assad and it'll be possible to say more publicly after that." Syria suspended the talks

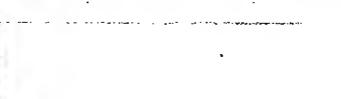
with Israel in Washington last

of Jericho, Mr. Peres said he would meet PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat in Spain on Thursday amid doubts the first Israeli troops would withdraw from

the two occupied areas as scheduled. Mr. Christopher said Syria planned to help a small U.S. congressional delegation look into the fate of six Israeli servicemen missing in Lehannn since the 1980s.

(Continued on page 10)

الملذ اصد الأصل



## PLO stumbles from revolution to government

By Abdul Aziz Barrouhi Reuter

TUNIS - The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), after three decades as a revolutionary movement dispersed in exile, knows it has to change its ways when it takes control of the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho, due to start. from Dec. 13.

But the transition is proving painful. The organisation is in turmoil as the old guard, not least PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat himself, resists the implications of change.

The challenge is to convert the PLO from a ramshackle and secretive alliance of competing political factions and guerrilla groups into a coherent and efficient government staffed by technocrats and with solid democratic creden-

Old apparatchiks who base their claim to leadership on the dangers and discomforts of the years in exile will have to make way for educated specialists and community leaders from the occupied territories, the reformers say. We need to move the

Palestinian people from the era and mentality of the revolution to the era and mentality of constitutional legitimacy, to the era of the state, to the legitimacy of civil society." said Freih Abu Medin, a prominent lawyer and Palestinian peace nego-tiator from the Gaza Strip.

But moderate PLO officials, those most firmly behind the PLO-Israel self-rule agreement signed in September, say Mr. Arafat's style of leadership is one of the obsta-

Because the PLO lived for years in the shadow of Arab governments, unable to hold mass elections and often detached from Palestinians living under Israeli rule, power has been concentrated at the top of the organisation.

 "Political weight has now moved from the PLO's headquarters in Tunis to the occupied territories, and this fact has been hard to swallow by some PLO leaders for fear of. losing their privileges," a

senior PLO official said. Mr. Arafat, relying on the personal charisma which made him the symbol of the revolution, has always tightly controlled the PLO

bureaucracy and decisionmaking process. This was crucial when the time came for him to rally the organisation behind the self-

rule agreement with Israel. Palestinians often challenged his judgment but in the end they usually let him have his way.

But increasingly in recent weeks Mr. Arafat has alienated senior members of the PLO Executive Committee by continuing to handle negotiations with Israel on details of self-rule as though the PLO was still a one-man

He has maintained the traditional secrecy about PLO finances and has planned in secret the nomination of the Palestinian authority which is to take control of the occu-

pied territories.
Foreign donors and Palestinian experts were dismayed when he named him-

self chairman of an economic council set up to channel foreign aid to the West Bank and Gaza.

Three prominent representatives of the three main PLO factions support-ing Mr. Arafat — Mahmoud Abbas, hetter known as Abu Mazen, from Fateh, Yasser Abed-Rabbo from the moderate wing of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) and Suleiman Najab from the Palestinian People's Party -- told Mr. Arafat that time was ripe for democratic reforms.

These three express the opinions prevalent among moderates in the diaspora and the occupied territories, PLO sources said.

Ahmad Qouriea, the Fatch Central Committee member who conducted the secret talks with Israel in Norway. and Samir Ghushe, PLO Executive Committee member and leader of the Palestine Popular Struggle Front, have been expressing similar

Mr. Abbas, who signed the peace deal with Israel in

September as Mr. Arafat stood and watched on the White House lawn, has avoided airing the debate in

Asked about the demands for reforms he is associated with, he only says: "There is no crisis. We express our views within the organisation. Each of us has bis opinion and of course we are not a true copy of each other. We are not opponents to publicise our views outside the institution.

The call for change has also came from the occupied territories. Nine leaders, including Faisal Husseini. Hanan Ashrawi, Saeb Erckat, Freih Abu Medin and Zakaria Al Agha came to Tunis early in December to press the PLO leadership to introduce democratic reforms.

We have two neighbours, Israel and Jordan, which have democratic institutions to some extent. The Palestinian model cannot be less democratic or we will face serious troubles when we take power," said one of Mr. Arafat's closest supporters. "The challenge for the



Yasser Arafat leadership now is not to let the people down by acting as a corrupt and autocranc regime but to allow all Palestinians to participate in building the new and emerging Palestinian entity. a senior PLO official said.

Mr. Arafat has shown he is well aware of the current running against him but PLO reformers say he finds it hard to change.

The problem with Arafat is that when you discuss it with him he admits he goes too far in the exercise of powers, but the day after, he returns to the same practices." a PLO leader said.

## Foreigners in Algeria anxious, but no exodus

By Arshad Mohammad Reuter

ALGIERS - After two killings in four days, foreigners in Algeria are increasingly anxious but they have not yet started leaving, diplomats and

businessmen say.

The foreigners, on news that
a Spaniard was killed on a mountain road on Thursday and a Russian woman in an Algiers market on Sunday, are at least reconsidering the risks of living in a country where they are now clear targets.

No one has claimed responsibility for the killings, or for an attack on an Italian shot and wounded in Algiers on Satur-day, but an organisation calling itself the "Armed Islamie Group" had advised foreigners they would be risking their lives if they did leave the country by the end of November.

Before the Russian woman I comforted myself with doubts - that maybe this was score settling," said a European woman. "Now I have no more

"We are all looking at the three events in the last four days and wondering what we should do," said one diplomat. in the last three months. foreigners have become caught up in the political violence in which at least 1,700 Algerians have been killed in nearly two

The violence began after the authorities cancelled an election that the fundamentalist Islamic Salvation Front (FIS) party was on the verge of winning. The party was later

Nine foreigners have been killed since Sept. 21, when two French surveyors were kidnapped and killed.

A wave of foreigners including more than 2,500 French left after three French consular workers were kidnapped in October.

Paris and Algiers said the kidnapping was the work of the Armed Islamic Group, which released the three with the warning for foreigners to get

Those that remain appear pervous but determined. We sent our families out is ign oil executive. "At this point we don't have point we don't have any firm-plans for leaving. If conditions

get worse - yes. The executive said his firm had moved some workers to the oil fields in southern Algeria. where there is less violence. Those that remain in the capital are being as unpredictable as possible, moving day by day from their homes to various

An airline official said he had not seen signs foreigners were leaving. "Aside from the increase in anxiety, we've not seen anything, he said.
"There is no pressure at the airport."

Another foreign oil com-pany that sent its expatriates. abroad when the deadline expired is debating whether to bring them back as planned, one official said.

In Paris, airline Air France and carmaker Renault, both of which have already sent dependants home, said they had no. plans to pull out their staff even now that the deadline has

Foreign and Algerian officials called on those still in the. country to be as cautious as possible.

The German foreign ministry said it bad taken no decision on removing diplomats and dependants. But in view of the situation there, we are: considering the possibilities." a spokesman said.

People have been told toavoid taking risks. The system in place is reliable to the extent that precautions are taken," an Algerian interior, ministry source said of Monday.

The authorities would do: whatever possible to protect foreigners, he added.

"A security effort is never 100 per cent reliable. There is no such thing in the world." he said, adding that the killings were aimed as sowing panic. "This is a phase. One should not be too alarmist. This will

## **British** inquiry to grill **Thatcher**

LONDON (R) — Former Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher takes the stand on Wednesday to explain why she allowed Iraq to build up its arms industry with British

Lord Justice Scott, head of a judicial inquiry into Britain's "Traggate" affair, said in a statement on Monday that Mrs. Thatcher would appear on Wednesday.

She will be the first premier past or present to give evidence in public to such an

Three years after she resigned, Mrs. Thatcher, now a baroness, is being called to explain how and why Britain helped Iraq rehuild its war machine after the end of the fran-Traq war in 1988 until a matter of days before the Angust 1990 invasion of Knwait. At issue is whether Mrs.

Thatcher knowingly presided over the bending of export controls on sales of defence equipment to Iraq and whether she might have misled parliament about the rules.

The Scott inquiry has already been told Mrs. Thatcher was consulted about changes to the arms export regulations and warned not to halt one sale for fear it would jeopardise

Opposition Labour Party trade spokesman Robin Cook relished the prospect of Mrs. Thatcher explaining the arms

"The heat is about to be turned on Lady Thatcher herself," Mr. Cook told Reuters Monday. "She must give some straight answers to some straight questions."

The inquiry was set np by Prime Minister John Major after the acquittal of three British businessmen, employed by Iraqi-owned British machine tool maker Matrix Churchill, last November on charges of breaching arms sales rules.

The trial raised the question of wbether the government had connived in arms sales and had been prepared to allow innocent men to be jailed rather than have its duplicity

Mrs. Thatcher and other senior ministers, including her successor Major, have argued curbs on arms sales to both Iran and Iraq — published in



Margaret Thatcher

- were respected. But it has already emerged they neglected to mention to parliament the guidelines were amended at the end of the Iran-Iraq war in 1988 - drawing a distinction between "lethal and non-lethal" ex-

On that basis Britain went ahead and sold Iraq tens of millions of dollars worth of machine tool and other equipment, much of which ended up in the arms industry.

Judge Scott has shown little patience with semantics and recently asked a Defence Ministry witness: "What were these machine tools going to be used for at a time of war? They were not going to be used to make washing machines. They were obviously going to be used to make armaments given the state of the war."

Mr. Cook said Mrs. Thatcher had to explain the morality of sending British soldiers to fight Iraqi forces armed by Britain.

"What was ber role in arming a brutal dictator, against whom we would later expect British troops to fight? The time for ducking and diving from questions is over,"
Mr. Cook said.

Ministers insist Britain was more rigorous than other Western allies in limiting wbat went to Baghdad despite the discovery in 1990 that British firms had helped build a gigantic supergun for Iraq - capable of firing shells as far as

Israel. Much of the ground of the inquiry has already been gone over in a parliamentary investigation into the "supergun"

It found the government had bent the interpretation of what constituted "lethal" arms exports but that the supergun almost got to Iraq through a series of errors rather than conspiracy.

## Palestinian women fear being relegated

By Karin Laub The Associated Press

GAZA CITY, Occupied Gaza Strip - After commanding an underground; cell in the Palestinian uprising, Ayshe Abu Maghaseeb is not interested in sitting at home. But she's afraid it may come

During the six-year revolt gainst Israeli occupation, Ms. Abu Maghaseeb stoned and firehombed soldiers, smnggled messages from Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leaders abroad and was interrogated often by Israeli agents. She says they tried to make her talk by threatening rape and public humiliation.

Many other Palestinian women were on the front lines. Fifty were killed and about 3,000 detained. Now that Israeli troops are prepar-ing to pull out of the Gaza Strip, however, they fear they will be sent back to their kitchenes, excluded from power in the new govern-

"Arab men don't believe women should be in positions of responsibility," said Ms. Abu Maghaseeb, 30. Her tanned face was framed by a black head scarf she wears reluctantly to escape harass-ment by Muslim militants.

In the Algerian guerrilla war against the French in 1954-62, "Algerian women took part in all parts of the revolution," she said. "But after achieving independ-ence, they ended up sitting at home. We want to make sure this experience will not be repeated here in Palestine.' There are signs Palestinian

self-rule will break down at least some traditional bar-

riers: - Hanan Ashrawi, who became known in the West as the eloquent spokeswoman of the Palestinian cause, has been named by Yasser Arafat as the PLO envoy to

- Eighty-five women have joined the new Palestinian police force, along with several thonsand men, although they will bandle only office work and juvenile

- Professional women have compiled a list of more than 1,000 colleagues as candidates for important "Men have an old boys'

network, but women don't, so we are trying to beat them to it this time," said Zuheira Kamal, leader of the women's federations in the occupied territories. · Anticipated investment in the Palestinian economy, in-

cluding more than \$2 billion in international aid, is expected to create thousands of jobs, including many for women in manufacturing and offices. Only about 30,000 of the more than 900,000 women in the West Bank and Gaza

work outside the home, most of them as factory hands or domestics. Economic investment already has brought rewards

to a few women. Anam Tawil, a 29-year-old architect, won a contract sought by 21 established Gaza firms to design four cight-storey apartment

houses to be built in the Khan

Yunis refugee camp with

European Community (EC)

Ironically, ber design is based on Islamic beliefs that women should be bomemakers and kept out of sight of strangers. There are no win-dows facing each other, and the windows of the kitchen look out over the green area so the mothers can watch the children," she said.

As she showed visitors a cardhoard model of the buildings, Mrs. Tawil's twomonth-old son Ahmad began crying in his crib in the next room. Her male secretary rushed to calm the baby and later served lemon juice: to the guests.

The role reversal in Mrs. Tawil's office was jarring in Gaza, where many women marry at 14 or 15, usually have seven or eight children and need their husband's permission to leave the house.

In the shati refugee camp, just a five-minute drive from Mrs. Tawil's office but a world away, Ibtissam Badri Tahan, 33, hoped life would somehow improve under a PLO government and that she would be able to study

Her parents took her out of school at 15 to marry Mohammad, then 24, and she has borne him eight children, the youngest four months old. She works from 4 a.m. until evening making hum-mus sandwiches for the family's small stand, then does the family cooking, cleaning and

laundry. "The bouse is like a prison," she said carefully, watching her husband across the table for any sign of disapproval. "I hope my girls will have a better life. They agreed that their six girls should finish high

In the dank sback, laundry was piled in a bucket waiting to be hung and huge pots from the sandwich stand were stacked in the sink to be washed.

Mrs. Tahan, a graceful women in a paisley robe and mustard-coloured head scraf, said she had wanted only two children but that ber busband insisted they have more. Few Palestinian women have access to birth control, and both the PLO and Islamic groups encourage large fami-

Ms. Kamal, the women's federation leader, is drafting legislation that would guaran tee equal pay and the right of women to education. women in factories now are paid only one-balf to two-thirds as much as men doing the same joh and only about 70 per cent have attended school. She said Mr. Arafat had given ber no commitment. and that even if be is sincere

lot, he will face opposition from Muslim groups. "Any kind of compromise would be at the expense of the women," she said. Saud Shawa, a Hamas ideologue in Gaza, said Isla-

about improving women's

mic groups would try to block any change.
The career of the women is to live happily with ber husband," said Dr. Shawa, a veterinarian. "The family is the first line of protection against infection with the Western way of life."

# Aid groups try to cope with Kurds

ZAKHO (AFP) — Humanitarian groups in northern Iraq are trying to cope with an unexpectedly high number of Kurdish refugees who are braving mountain snow and cold to return from Iran.

Some of the thousands of Kurds who returned last month said Tehran had given them little choice but to leave. However, Iraqi Kurdish leader Jalal Talabani said his group bad encouraged them to re-

Many were settling temporarily near the Turkish border because they cannot reach their snow-bound mountain

villages.
"We didn't expect such a high number of refugees for this winter," Francesco Ardisson, U.N. officer for northern

Iraq, said.
"Therefore, we are execut-ing a sort of an emergency programme, giving tents, heaters, kerosine and hlankets to returnees, besides food and transportation," Mr. Ardisson

He said the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugee (UNHCR) faced funding restrictions at the present time, but planned to revise its budget due to the pressing situation.
"It is difficult for us to extend our funds, but we are forced to discuss our budget because we also have to give shelter material to all the families next spring," Mr. Ardisson

Meanwhile, he added, the J.N. Children's Fund (UNiCEF) was helping his organisation in meeting the additional needs.

1 22

13\_(.e.a

According to Mr. Ardisson, Care International, which is \*\*\*\* responsible for the transport of refugees from the border point to their former hometowns, reported that 3,240 families crossed into Iraqi Kurdish areas in November. But Caritas-Switzerland

which is carrying out in Zakho an assistance programme for refugees from Turkey, complained about the slow pace of UNHCR work.

Field director Eberhard Walde told AFP the refugees were getting help to reach their villages, but after they got a h there, no further assistance was being provided by the was being provided by the

U.N. group.
"We found a group of them
by accident in Balinda (on the Turkish border) during our routine trips... so we began our sassistance programme," he said, adding that his organization was still waiting for a said, and a request they response to a request they made to UNHCR to get special

funding for a joint project.
Refugees in Balinda supported Mr. Walde's charge and said they only received help in transportation from UNHCR and the other non-governmental organisations (NGOs).

## Israeli court awards blinded Palestinian record amount

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AP) — A human rights orga-nisation said Monday that the \$350,000 an Israeli court awarded to a Palestinian for injuries he sustained when he was mistakenly sbot by Israeli soldiers was unprecedented.

Yael Stein, a spokeswoman for the Betselem human rights organisation, said the amount is by far the largest since the beginning of the Palestinian uprising in December 1987.

Haifa district court Justice Shmuel Berliner awarded Ashraf Mahmoud Ibrahim 1.4 million shekels (\$460.000) on Sunday for gunfire wounds

Amman 45 per cent. Agaba 49 per

that blinded him in 1988, when he was 13.

Ibrahim will collect 1,055,000 shekels (\$350,000) immediately, as the state declared at the trial's outset it would automatically pay 75 per cent of whatever the judge

The state did not dispute that Ibrahim was a bystander in the incident in Nur Shams refugee camp in the West Bank, but it claimed that he should have known enough to stay indoors during clashes.

Ibrahim was playing near his house at the time and said he saw a group of soldiers some

300 metres away just before being hit. He was shot in the head and blinded. He is confined to a wheelchair and faces further physical and mental deterioration.

Judge Berliner noted Ibrahim's youth and the fact that he was listed as 100 per cent disabled.

The highest previous amount Ms. Stein knew of was a Nazareth district court judgement one year ago awarding Jamal Kassem Oda 161,000 shekels (\$62.000 at the time) for injuries he sustained in the West Bank town of Tamoun in 1988. Oda was appealing that decisions. Ms. Stein said.

how the decision would affect future suits, said Joshua Schoffman, a lawyer with the Association for Civil Rights in

"The court ruled negligence here - that would not be the case in all the tens of thousands of injuries during the upris-." Mr. Schoffman said He added that the army's admission that the shooting was accidental also helped the

A spokeswoman for the justice ministry would not comment on the impact of the case saying she was "too busy."

## JORDANTIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDER

#### Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. 628543. JORDAN TELEVISION Armenia 771331. PROGRAMME TWO MME 1W0 Ordy Sports N. 2. A. News in French Le Journal De L'Histoire News in Hebrew News in Arabic 775261. Amman 652526. 20:30 "Too Close for Comfort" 21:10 Ocean World 22:00 News in English 22:20 Film "Till Murder Do Us Part"

#### PRAYER TIMES Fajr ...... (Sunrisc ) Duhu Dhubr

14:13 Asr 16:36 Maghreb 17:58 Isha	Me
CHURCHES	of we
St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifieh, Tel. 810740 Assemblies of God Church, Tel.	par
632785. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. 637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757	An Aq De Jor

Orthodox Church Tel. im Church Tel. 771751. elical Letheran Church Tel: Evangelical Con-Day Saints Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691.

#### WEATHER

lletin supplied by the Department of

It will be partly cloudy with a chance showers, and winds will be north-sterly moderate. In Agaba, it will be tily cloudy, winds will be northerly Min./Max. temp. man 6 / 15 aba 12 /22

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 17, Aqaba 22, Humidity readings:

**USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** 

> Dr. Zassini Qaddumi ..... Dr. Abdul Wahab Awad Dr. Fakhri Taych ...... Dr. Yousef Al Faqih ..... Firas pharmacy ...... Fordows pharmacy ... Al Asema pharmacy 636730 Yacouh pharmacy 623672 IRBID: Al Quds pharmacy . ......

## **EMERGENCIES** Food Control Centre ....... Civil Defence Department . Civil Defence Immediate

Rescue	6702
Civil Defence Emergency	WU34
Civil Defence Emergency Rescue Police 192, 621111	42 <del>77</del>
Fire Reigndo	11170
Fire Brigade	. 8917
Blood Bank	. 77512
Highway Police	84340
Traffic Police	89639
Public Security Department	. 63032
note: Combanis	ARKON
ritte Complaints	66117
Water and Sewerage	
Complaints	89/40
Animan Municipality	
Complaints	78711
reichnous information	
(directory assistance) Overseas Calls	12
Overseas Calls	01023
Central Amman Telephone	
RCDaus	6731/1
ADDAN I CICObone Remier	661 In
Jordan Television	77771
Radio Jordan	<i>'</i>
Water Authority	(/411
Index Startists And all	ONUIO
Jordan Electricity Authority	8156
Electric Power	
Сотралу	6.3638

## HOSPITALS

AMMAN:

AMMAN:
Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32
Khalidi Maternity. J. Amn 64428[/6
Abileh Materialty, J. Pallin 044281/6
Akilch Maternity. J. Amn 642441.7
Jacai Amman Malemity 647361
rigilias, J. Aduban 6 Ki 10
Paksing Spinglesof 4417111
Shmeisani Hospital 660121
Shmeisani Hospital
Al-Mussher Hospital 667227/9
The felenie At 1 " 667227/9
THE INDIFFE. ADDRESS ARE 17727
Manan, Al-Minaireen 777 into
AU GASHIT, J. ASSITATION 775111 A.
Army Marka 891611/15 Queen Alia Hospital 6022-40/50
Ouern Alia Hospital 6000 source
Amal Hospital
Amal Hospital
ZARQA;
Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323
Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital (09)900560 the Sign Hospital (09)900560
1bn Sina Hospital
Al Hikma Modern Hospital (00)000000
RRID:
Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555
Greek Catholic Hospital (02)77275
UNI A I NUSCOS MOSTANI (2711) 2010 4

#### AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital ......[03]314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

..... Jeddah (RJ) Larnaca (R ..... New York, Amsterdam (RJ) ...... Istanbul (RJ) Brusycls, Paris (RJ) ... Madrid, Geneva (RJ) Frankfurt, Vienna (RJ) 

#### Other Flights (Terminal 2)

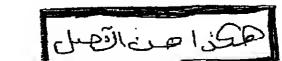
Rome (AZ)	northe promotested 100000 (Crisis Will)
09:35	Arr. Damaseus 5:00 p.n
IUE-3U Installate 2 C A S	Dep. Dumascus 7:30 a. Arr. Ametan 5:00 p.:
1020	Act. America 5:00 p.:
1455 Karacht, Ahu Dhaki (DI)	MARKET PI
10:15 Paris, Damascus (AF)	
19:45 Beirul (ME)	
Denni (Intr)	L'pper lower price in fil
DEPARTURES	
Royal lordenias (200 mg	Apple
Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights	Banaria
(Terminal 1)	Banana (Mukammur)
•	Beans
09:30	Canbuge
10:15 Amsterdam, New York (R1)	Carrot
ATION COLUMN SECTION LANGOS (DI)	Caulillower
11:00 1.4. 4.4 67315	Clementine
AA-AV	Cucumbers (large)
19:30 Colombo (RJ)	Cucumbers (small)
19:45	Conding Sugar
20:00	Egyplant
20-20 KJ9360 (KJ)	Charlic
20:20	Спареч
20:30 Aden (RJ)	Grape Fruit
	£.2-na.m ·
21:50 Cakcutta, Bangkok (RJ)	Markow (large)
21:30 Cakurta, Bangkok (RJ) 22:45 Sanaa (RJ)	Matton Parall
_	- Malukhia
Other Flights (Terminal 2)	Crives (green)
•	Orange
95:55 Beirul, Paris (AF)	Onion (dry)
90:23 Ruma (4.7)	Onion (green)
upi 13 Hoirut (ME)	Pepper (hot)
Coincidate)	Penter (sweet)
List Sansa (IV)	Pepper (sweet)
12:00Jeddah (SU)	Potato
13-30 Abu Dhah (GE)	Radish

...... Abo Dhabi, Karochi (P1)

## HIJAZ RAILWAY TRAIN

RICES ils per kg. 720/500

Banana (Mukammuri	626
Beans	660 / 500
Canonec	150776
Carrot	251/18
Beans Carrot Cauhilower Cauhilower	210/ 150
Clementine	100 / 100
Cuerombers (Incom)	-100./198
Clementine Cucumbers (large) Cucumbers (small)	360 1 176
Families (Mean)	
Eggplant Courie	100 200
General Company of the Company of th	yegy 1 Jul
Grapes	HUGPUL
Grape Fruil	ENGINE NO
Manager Change 2	1/1/19
winters (make)	240 (.)
Marrow (large) Marrow (small) Malukhia	4201 340
- GINGREGIA	100 -100
Other (Steets)	600y 410
Olives (green)	370/ 208
Union (dry)	400 i XVI
Onion (dry) Onion (green)	220 / 150
remerinari	Teath I JULI
Pepper (sweet)	2gg / 20U
Potato	221 700
Dustish	الاه بحصي



## HOME **NEWS** IN BRIEF

#### **Princess Sarvath** receives Princess Shaharlan

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Royal Highness Princess Sarvath Al Hassan Tuesday recerved Her Royal Highness Princess Tunku Shaharian. daughter of the former King of Malaysia and Chairperson of the Muslim Women's Welfare Council in the Malaysian state of Johor Princess Shaharian inspected several projects run by the Young Women's Musitm Association (YWMA) which is chaired by Princess Sarvath, and praised the association's performance in the area of rehabilitation of the handicapped.

#### **Princess Alia visits** Dheibet Al Jahawsheh

AMMAN (Petra) - Her Royal Highness Princess Alia Bint Al Hussein Tuesday visited Dheibet Al Jahawsheh village in Muwaqqar, southeast Amman, where she met with local community leaders and listened to their requests. The leaders focussed on the lack of social services. Princess Alia also called at the Social Development Centre in Muwaqgar and was briefed by its director on its activities. The Princess said her visit was aimed at encouraging women to play an active role in supporting family income. She added that the Rural Women Development Society will establish a carpet factory in the village and urged women to join this industry.

## WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are com-piled from monthly bulletings and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

#### EXHIBITIONS

- TUNRWA exhibition of ralestinian embroider and greeting cards at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation (10:00 a.m.-6:00 p.m.)
- Art exhibition by artist Edelbert Della at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- Art exhibition by artist Beotr Bewluczuk at the Royal Cultural Centre.
  - ★ Exhibition of prints and drawings by Fakhr El Niss Zeid at Darat Al Funun ci' the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabal Luweibdeh. Also showing the permanent exhibition (Saturday-Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.)
  - \* Plastic art exhibition by a number of Iraqi artists at La Casa Art Gallery (between the 5th and 6th Circles).
- ★ Exhibition of sewing equipment at the Royal Cultural Centre (11:00 - 7:00 p.m.). Exhibition of Lebanese products at Philadelphia Hotel.
- ★ Second Jordanian exhibition of cotton and woollen products at the World Exhibition Hall — University Road (11:00 a.m.-10:00 p.m.)
- ☆ Exhibition of paintings by artist Khalid Khreis at the French Cultural Centre.
- ☆ Exhibition of watercolours by artist Shaher Jirmi at the Goethe Institute.
- \* Photographic exhibition on the intifada at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation (8:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m.)
- ☆ Art exhibition by artist Far-ghali Abdel Hafiez at the Balka' Art Gallery in Al Fuheis (10:00 a.m.- 8:00 p.m.) (Tel. 720902).
- \* Plastic art exhibition by several Jordanian and Iraqi artists at the Orfali Art Gallery in Um Uthaina.

#### FILMS

☆ Film entitled "The Entertainer" at the British Council at 7:00 p.m. (97

#### **SPORTS ROUND-**UP

☆ A one-hour programme featuring a condensation of the most popular games of week with play-by-play anoquicement at the American Centre at 5:00

## Deputies enter 3rd day of debate over vote of confidence

AMMAN (J.T.) — Lower House of Parliament deputies Tuesday continued their debate over a vote of confidence for the government of Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali. Excerpts from the State-ments of 19 deputies who spoke in Tuesday's session



Samir Habashneh (Karak District) (PDC)

I start by saying that democracy is not merely about personal freedoms or forming political parties but the freedom for the wbole society and for the achievement of social justice that would benefit those groups who continue to suffer as a result of unjust economic decisions that favour certain

Democracy is building up a state of the law and democratic institutions which can reestablish social stability and can deal with the causes of poverty and unemployment.

We are facing a major national challenge that can be dealt with only through a comprehensive vision and pooling of all material and manpower potential and insuring justice for all.

We are required to deal with the challenges facing us objectively by maintaining control over the government's behaviour, and through legislations and appraisal of the government's performance.

We should not remain silent over the blunders of the government and allow it to win the confidence of the people at this critical stage in our history.

We have to reestablish Arab national and pan-Arab Islamic ideologies on a scientific and responsible basis. We have to work towards reestablishing close links between the nationalist Arabs and the Islamists. Indeed, both sides

for agreement than discord. Our work in Parliament ought to lead us to spread awareness among the public against normalisation of relations with the enemy and to stand firm in face of the trend towards adopting the Western style consumarism which is a weapon of the neo-colonialists who aim at imposing domination on the nation and its fu-

To do all this, we are in need of support for our ork from the education system, the unversities, and the youth organisations and others.

Our Parliament should take the initiative in forming national task forces to maintain links with the nationalists and Islamist forces throughout the Arab World.

In my view the present government is not in a position to deal with these enormous challenges. Indeed throughout its performance to date the government has met with failure.

For instance the present government dissolved the former parliament for no convincing reason. This is a retreat from the course of democracy.

The government barred its employees from writing in the local press, prohibited the establishment of forums like the Socialist Thought Forum although these can enhance democracy. The government has also tried to impose control on political party meetings and committed numerous mistakes which damaged the image of democracy. like refusing to include deputies in the cabinet -A move aimed at marginalising the parliament's role.

By appointing people in posts far from their own specialisation, the government has acted against the principle of placing the right person in the right position and killed its own slogan of upholding administrative reform.

I demand that Jordan have its own separate national team to conduct talks with Israel, Its members should have have vast capabilities and efficiency and be eligible to handle such a serious issue. We should not appear to be running after peace at any price.



Abdul Raouf At Rawabdeh (Irbld District) (Jordaniao National Front - JNF)

start by calling on the Information Minister to instruct Jordan Television to forecast my full speech or otherwise completely ignore it. This is because the summaries of the deputies speeches presented by Jordan Television so far did not reflect their contents and

When tomorrow the prime minister replies to the despeeches his entite speech will be broadcast and this is his right. But the listeners and viewers will be hearing replies to subjects they missed in the deputies' speeches.

I pledge allegiance to the King and appreciate his firm stand in the face of challenges and his drive to enhance democracy, freedom and peoples'

l am bound through strong ties of friendship with the prime minister that lasted for a quarter of a century. I have come to realise that he is a very efficient administrator and faithful friend, and I feel grateful to him for many things.

Yet out of my responsibility entrusted to me by the public I have no alternative but to forget sentiments for a while when assessing the government's policies and achievements.

The present government believes in electric shock therapy which stuns but does not kill and keeps the stunned person living in constant borror of the thought of a second shock whose timing is still unknown. Jordan has experienced several shocks under this government and these include: -The dissolution of the 11th

House of Parliament. 2 — The amendment of the Election Law and the passing of the temporary Election

3 - The call for separating the executive from the legislative authorities. To peddle this policy, the government lately made several statements to justify its action of dedicating the executive authority to ruling and the legislative autho. itv in order to control government behaviour.

Based on this assumption deputies can not become ministers. But the government must have forgotten that the Constitution allows deputies to be ministers.

Furthermore the government's organs began to offend the deputies' dignity by accusing them of seeking ministerial portfolios, alleging that their lust had caused ministerial instability.

This can only be interpreted as a new sword of intimidation hanging over the deputies' heads, stifling their voices so that they would not be accused of seeking mioisterial posts.

We would like the government to show us a democratic state where the two authorities are absolutely separated, except in the United States where the president is the head of the 

is referred by the people. assisted by no prime minister or cabinet, but secretaries of state appointed by the prestdent with approval from the Congress which also approves the ap intment of judges. ambassadors and others.

There could be a separation. but it should be accompanied by balanced cooperation and mutual control. That is to say that one can be a minister and deputy, and at the same time should be subject to question-

ing by Parliament.
But this government does not see cooperation except in matters which please it and applaud its actions, and for this reason it resorts to dissolving parliament, unperturbed by protests.

In my view, democracy

means other things rule of the majority, be it a political party or a coalition of parties. The majority should form a government which could be set up after due consultations with

the various blocs. Without this practice, the people or their representatives would be excluded from governing. And under the present system only those favoured by the prime minister or those who can protect their own interests are allowed to rule

Under this system those who failed to be elected to Parliament try to ensure for themselves ministerial posts by trying to win favour with the prime minister.

4 — The formation of the present government comprises Cabinet members who bold similar views, supporting the prime minister, but it is far from being equitably representative of the nation.

5 — Appointments in government positions reflect the nature of the government's structure. These employees are of the same colour, all secre-taries general, provincial governors, ambassadors, managers and advisors. They had been promised senior posts once they expressed loyalty to the government.

On oorms and constitutional excesses, the govern-ment has refused to submit its resignation after bolding the elections according to norms. It is true that the government has the right to stay on, but it is equally true that the norms ought to be respected for the

sake of enhancing democracy. 7 — On salary increased for Cabinet members. We were all surprised that the government increased the salaries of Cabinet members. The move came before the reshuffle so that the outgoing ministers would benefit from an increase in their pension at a time when the government employees fall within the low-iocome category. I call on Parliament to reject the increases.

This government is not eligible for a vote of confidence, but I delay my vote to allow it to prove its stand and until I hear replies to the following demands:

1 — That the government should submit draft laws on a new election law ansuring audi-cial control even thousands; a draft law on labour for ensure minimum wages and end arbitrary dismissals; a draft law on a youth federation to mobilise youth potentials; a draft law on farmers federation to protect farmers interests; and a draft ing municipal elections.

2 — The law on local government ensur-

2 — That the government speed up work by the Senate to pass a law allowing for the formation of a teachers union and a draft law on holding officials accountable for their earnings.

3 — That the government commit itself to consulting with Parliament on political developments.

- That the government offer Parliament its socio-economic plan for debate. 5 -- That the Social Security

Corporation umbrella be ex-

panded. 6 — That the government re-examine the status of the senior public administration with a view to serving justice and equality.

7 — That it work out a national plan to deal with poverty and unemployment. 8 - That it improve employees' salaries. 9 - That it apply the princi-

ple of equality in upgrading districts into governorates.

10 — That it commit itself to finishing work on the lrbid-Amman road.

11 - That it reform the health system in the Irbid gov-

12 — That it conduct investigations into the controversy over the Karameh Dam.

13 - That the House get documented information about a JD12 million trade deal with Iraq awarded to two particular merchants without the knowledge of the former Minister of Industry and Trade, and about the government intention to sell its share in the JETT Bus Company to a particular person who had earlier sold his shares in the same company and now resides in Jerusalem. and about the government in-tention to sell Al Shaab Press and Publication to a particular

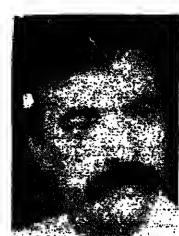


Fayadh Jarrar (Zarka District) (JNF)

I demand that the government give priority to the internal front; to improve national unity in the real sense by translating that into action; to give the opportunity to all Jordanians of various origins, to secure their enfidements, and no less, of jobs in the government and in public institutions according to one standard, a standard that guarantees ability and the required training standard. I demand that the govern-

march led by His Majesty King Hussein; speed up the transfer of the Centre for Freedom and Democracy protect to the Lower House of Parliament; concentrate on increasing pluralism and the spreading of the democractic principles at va-rious levels in Parliament, municipal and village councils.

I hope the government will abide by its promises, and maintain that it can only secure the confidence of this Parliament through accomplish-



Mustafa Shneikat (Balqa District) (I)

A member of the Jordanian Communist Party, Dr. Shneikat began his speech by stressing that be had no personal grudges against any members of the Cabinet or its premier, but added that it had to be assessed according to its handling of the developments at this historic juncture of the

Kingdom's history. He said that the government has to be considered against three primary factors: the progress of democracy, handing of the economy and the principles guiding its policy on the Arab-Israeli conflict.

He said that the government of Dr. Majali is to be faulted for dissolving the 11th Parlia-ment in what he described as 'normal circumstances" that did not requires the dissolving of the House.

The controversy, be said, is even more profound because it became apparent that the House was dissolved to make way for amending the Election Law to a one-person, one-vote

The government's decision to dissolve the former Lower House and accord itself a tem-porary legislative authority without an extraordinary circumstance — as was required by the Constitution — can only indicate undemocratic tendencies, disrespect for parliamentary traditions and expresses that the government wants to take control of anthority and avoid the scrutiny of the leg-

islative authority. He also said that while the letter of the Constitution does help the premier to adopt the Speech from the Throne as a government policy statement, this option contradicts with the general tendency among Jordanians to practis democracy in its true sense.

He pointed out that the premier bas purposely chosen to Minister Sbarif Zeid Ben Shaker in 1991, but that there were great differences between the two cases since the government of Sbarif Zeid did not dissolve Parliament and did not issue a temporary election law.

He also said he agreed with political analysts in one of the local papers who pointed out that the 1952 Constitution seen as democratic and progressive was later amended to include many articles which were added during the era of martial

chose to follow the letter of the amended articles which can only indicate that this government wants to pull us back to the era of martial law and

extraordinary laws. On the peace process, Dr. Shneikat, who is not affiliated to any of the five parliamentary blocs, said that the Arab-Israeli conflict is not a regional issue but an Arab national one. Therefore, be added, all Arab couotries have to work together to establish a new reality in the region which would provide the proper environment to create a peace that is not dictated by American-Israeli interests.

He said that Jordan has to commit itself to supporting the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in reasserting its authority over Jerusalem as an inseparable part of the occupied Palestinian land. He stressed that the govern-

ment cannot continue to keep the Lower House absent from the progress of negotiations on the Jordanian-Israeli track. He cited news reports of Jordan reaching agreement with Israel over the reopening of Jordanian banks in the occupied Palestinian' territories. The question that bas to be posed, be said is how can there be Jordanian supervision of these banks when we do oot bave political authority over the areas. He also asked how can a cover be provided for the Jordanian currency, which reports said will be the currency used in the occupied territories, when millions of dinars could seep into the territories onofficially.

He also asked whether re-ports of the agreement stipu-lating that the income of the new Jordanian banks bave to be deposited at the Israel Central Bank and wondered whether this did not constitute a grave danger on the stability of the currency which, if the reports were true, could be at the mercy of the Israeli Central Bank.

On the issue of social justice, Dr. Shneikat said be was convinced that in the absence of social justice whether in income distribution, the disparity of public services from one area to another in the King-dom, appointments and job distribution and other aspects have become so integrated in the system of the country that it bas caused the breaking of laws and regulations, becoming a symptom which contradicts the principles of democracy, progressiveness and sta-bility.

level, be said that the Five-Year Development Plan has been tailored to fit the readjustment programme which was forced upon the Kingdom by the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

That is wby, he added, the country is unable to resolve the problem of unemployment or poverty. The government's commitment to the letter of the programme's medicine bas only served to add to the coun-

(Continued on page 5)

## Pre-teen engagement shocks child, women rights activists

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Two weeks ago Jordan Television aired a news item announcing the engagement of the "vouncest couple" in Jordan that sent shock waves through the community and became the subject of dehate among child and woman's rights activists and legal experts.
The boy, Alla, is 11, and
Mariam, his fiancee. is 12.

The occasion was cell rated with prayers from the oran amidst sonprous uli Mariam is one of : dren: eight girls and The family live in N

Her mother, in an interview with the Jordan Times. claims that her hrother. Alla's father, in defiance of another brother, the richer of the two, wanted to lay claim to Mariam before his brother

In an attempt to convince her husband, whom she maintains suffers front mental illness, against going through with the engagement. Mariam's mother was nearly hit by him, she said. "I have not stopped crying since the engagement, only

God can help me." she said. Accusing television of ruining the family's reputation in the community and causing Mariam considerable embarrassment at school to the point where she denies to her friends that it was she on the sercen, the mother vowed to end the engagement until such time when Mariam was



Alla (11) places an engagement ring on his fiancee Mariam (12)

olo enough to make such decisions. In the meantime Alla's parents, who live itt the Wihdat camp, were over-joyed with

the engagement of their

eldest son. The mother of Alla told the Jordan Times her son has dropped car of school and is currently working in a shoc lactory to earn money to sun-

port his tuture biide. The various groups and organisations contacted by the Jordan Times expressed outrage and went as far as

calling the engagement a crime against the rights of children.

The Jordanian Women's Union [JWU] called on officials to take strict measures against violations of rights of underaged children. JWU went further to ile-

mand amending the Civil Sta-

tus Law in order to impose

restrictions on early engagements similar to the ntarriage Furthermore, JWU said broadcasting this event in public will encourage weak students to initiate the same alternative (dropping put of school early) that Alla chose and possibly end up emphyed in hard labour. Farouk Naghawi, the assis-

tant secretary general for leg-al affairs of the Ministry of Social Development, in a statement to the Jordan Times, reiterated the opinion that it was an abuse of chil-dren's rights and totally un-acceptable at a time when Jordan had only recently signed the International Treaty on Children's Rights.

According to Jordanian law, the minimum age for marriage is 15, and although engagement is not marriage it is the first serious step pre-

ceding marriage. When asked about his view of the television coverage. Mr. Naghawi said it was wrong to publicise such events and that its effects were negative on the viewers in that such news broadcasts set a wrong example and reflect a poor image of Jordanian society.

Early engagements are not new in the society, he claims. Girls in many parts of the country are made to leave school at a young age to become housewives. Mr. Naghawt said, maintaining that the problem is not engagement itself, but that publicising this event caused problems and anger.

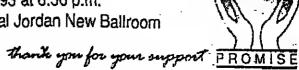
The solution, he proposed, are educational programmes to enlighten families on the negative effects of engagement and marriage at an ear-

# Under the Patronage of H.R.H. Prince Faisal Al-Hussein and H.R.H. Princess Alia Al-Faisal PROMISE WELFARE SOCIETY welcomes you to elodies emories A memorable night that you will not forget... a fabulous evening of Golden Oldies

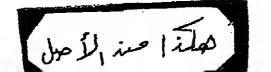
live music performed by the international trio

CHRISTIANNE, EDGAR, AND ANGELO

Sunday, Dec 12, 1993 at 8:30 p.m. Hotel Intercontinental Jordan New Ballroom



Tickets are sold at the Promise Wellare Society Center tel. 817723.



## Arabs propose worldwide tax for environmental protection

ABU DHABI (AFP) - Arab \$750 million in developing nastates, which control 60 per cent of global oil reserves, are proposing a worldwide tax that could raise more than \$4 billion a year to protect the en-

The idea is seen as a "fair" alternative to a proposed European Community (EC) energy tax, which has caused alarm in oil-producing states on the grounds it would slow down demand for crude and depress their earnings.

"There are several more effective and fair alrematives to the taxes on oil products. Arab states said in their 1993 joint economic report, prepared by the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) and two other regional organisations.

The first is the imposition of a worldwide income tax of 0.25 per cent, which could etch around \$4 hillion a year in the industrial countries and

TOKYO (AFP) — Japan's

economic Planning Agency

said Tuesday that the country's

labour situation was de-

teriorating, particularly in the

manufacturing sector, showing a further decline in the eco-

tion," the report said. The sum could be use: to clean and protect the environ-

ment," it added. It is the latest in a series of Arah proposals to persuade the 12-nation EC to steer away from its planned tax, which the Community says is designed to protect the environment by containing the emission of carbon dioxide.

But Arab and other oil producers charge the EC's real aim is to secure extra revenue to tackle domestic budget de-

Reservations from Britain and other EC nations have held up enforcement of the tax. which will levy \$3 on every imported harrel of oil, to rise to \$10 by the year 2000.

"Imposing taxes on oil products will not protect the environment nor will it curb crude imports." said the Arab

ried by the official Kuwaiti News Agency (KUNA). "They will only achieve large increases in government re-venues in industrial countries at the expense of oil pro-

ducers. Gulf Arab states have strongly attacked the tax on the grounds it would affect them most as oil accounts for nearly 90 per cent of their

Around four million barrels per day (b/d) of their oil output goes to the EC, while 2.8 million h/d are exported to Japan and two million b/d to the United States.

One of the scenarios on the effects of the carabon lax on Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) states is that it will depress their earnings by \$14 billion a year, hurting their development plans.

The revenues of GCC states

Qatar. Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates - are already under pressure from a sharp decline in oil prices.

Since 1981, their earnings have been slashed nearly threefold to \$70 billion in 1992.

Definitely. Arah oil and gas exports will be hurt by the policies of the industrial nations." said the Arah report. also prepared by the Arab Monetary Fund and the Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development. "Imposing taxes on oil products will also boost consumption of coal and burning of wood, which will cause further damage to the

It said Arab oil exports stood at 38.3 per cent of the total world crude exports of 39.7 million b/d in 1992. while natural gas exports accounted for 12.1 per cent of the total world gas supplies.

#### abour situation worsens in Japan

ary Masayosbi Takemura agreed with government policy makers on the need to imple-

In its December economic report to the cabinet, the agency said the economy was "m adjustment phase, and continues to be sluggish in general due to such factors as the yen's appreciation. end of the year.

Meanwhile, a leading econo-

However, the agency gave a poor diagnosis for the labour market, saying: "Centering on the manufacturing industry, severeness is seen," and driving home the point that the prolonged economic slump was burting employment.

The report, based on the latest available economic data, showed the ratio of joh openings to job seekers, had steadily dropped to 0.67 in October or 67 job openings to every 100 job seekers. It is the lowest level since June 1987.

The agency did not make any reference to a "recovery, a term which has been used in other recent reports.

The December report failed to mention a new package of economic stimulus measures the ruling coalition has been seeking.

LONDON (AFP) - Romania

must take tough decisions

within the next six months or

lose the chance to reform its

economy, Mircea Cosea, Romania's recently appointed

economic reform coordinator

time before getting down to

serious structural economic re-

"We have wasted too much

The package, widely expected to include income tax cuts, seemed imminent last Friday when chief cahinet secret-

ment pump-priming measures. Mr. Takemura said Monday the government's top priorities were to compile a supplementary budget and get political reform legislation through the upper house by the

mic newspaper's survey published Tuesday showed a majority of eligible voters wanted economic stimulus measures to be given higher priority than political reform.

The survey, conducted by the Nibon Keizai Shimbun from Friday to Sunday, found that 53.3 per cent of the respondents wanted the cabinet to give priority to stimulative measures while 21.1 per cent favoured giving political re-

forms priority.
The telephone survey covered 3,000 eligible voters with "A:61,2 per cent response.
"The poll found that the pub-lie approval rate of the Hosokawa cabinet slipped by 4.9 percentage points to 64.7 per cent compared with the daily's previous survey in August,

forms," be told the Financial

Times newspaper in an inter-

Mr. Cosea, speaking during an investment conference

organised by the Confedera-tion of British Industries, said

he would use the new execu-

tive powers granted to his eco-

nomic reform council last

month "to eliminate loss-mak-

Cosea: Romanian economy must be reformed quickly

while those who disapprove of the cabinet rose 5.1 percentage points to 14.9 per cent.

On monetary issues, Bank of Japan Governor Yasushi Mieno said Tuesday interest rates were sufficiently low to support corporate investment, checking speculation of an early cut in the bank's official discount rate, now standing at an already record low of 1.75 per

"Current interest rates are at a level which can support corporate investment." Mr. Mieno said in a public address at a Tokyo hotel.

The central bank "continues to watch carefully" the expected effects of economic stimulus measures taken so far, Mr. Mieno said.

Mr. Mieno also called for measures to help financial institutions write off their bad

He noted a system in the United States converting the non-performing loans into debt securities, saying: "We cannot bring the U.S. system immediately bere, but there are many aspects we can make

Mr. Mieno said the Japanese economy was facing a prolonged slowdown, with private demand yet to provide material signs of a recovery.

ing enterprises, speed up priva-

tisation and liberalise the fore-

coalition government to allow

the leu, the Romanian curren-

cy, to be determined by market

forces has been a main sticking point in long negotiations with

the International Monetary

Fund for a new standby agree-

The reluctance of the shaky

ign exchange market."

Weak demand reflects the depth of the inventory adjustment after the burst of the

bubble economy in the late

1980s, along with balance

sbeets adjustment stemming from lower asset values. Mr. Mieno also said declining expected growth rates were reflected in worsening buisness

In these circumstances, the Bank of Japan has made its utmost efforts to support the economy by lowering the official discount rate by 4.25 percentage points over the past few years, Mr. Mieno said.

Earlier Tuesday, Mr. Mieno said the yen had peaked against the dollar. Manae Kubota, director

general of the Economic Plan-ning Agency, said the central bank governor told a morning meeting of economic ministers that "the conditions for a sharp rise in the yen have tapered off.

She said Mr. Mieno noted that the dollar had been recently hovering around the level of 108 yen, up from barely 100 yen earlier this year, and that this reflected economic fundamentals.

"The U.S. ecocomy is on a path of moderate recovery, while the Japanese economy remains stagnant," be said.

ment.
"Witbout a real exchange

rate the entire economy is dis-

torted, leading to degradation and deformation," Mr. Cosea

said. "But up until now the

government bas feared to act

because of the social consequ-

ences of the probable 28 to 30

per cent devaluation of the leu

which would result.'

## Asian stock markets close mostly higher

TOKYO (R) — Most Asian markets rose sharply Tuesday. with Hong Kong. Singapore. Mantla and Kuala Lumpur shares all soaring to new highs, while the dollar was little changed in directionless trade.

Hong Kong's blue chip Hang Seng index closed at a record 9.736.57. up 126.88 points. or 1.32 per cent. though profittaking trimmed more than half of the early gains, brokers said.

The index reached an intra-day high of 9.937.36. The previous closing high of 9,733,34 and intra-day high of 9,825.5 were reached on Nov. 15.

The index came down quickly after hitting the new record as investors started to look at political issues when the Hang Seng was getting near to 10,000, said Prisilia Ng. institutional sales at Sun Hung Kai Securities.

Singapore shares were at a record as institutions showed renewed interest in local shares, spurring speculative retail investment, dealers said. The 30-share Straits Times industrials index closed at a record high of 2.163.54. up

16.00 points from Monday's "The undertone is still very bullish and prices are likely to remain firm today and probably tomorrow, said Anthony

In the foreign exchange market, trading was confined mostly to position adjustments and the dollar closed in Tokyo

Lee, a trader at Baring Secur-

"Foreign banks in particular

at 107.95 ven and 1.7028

marks, little changed from its

Monday New York closing at

107.90.00 yen and 1.7011/16

start to adjust their positions around this time every year to settle their profits and losses, said Masamichi Yasuda, assistant manager at Bank of Tokyo in Tokvo.

Elsewhere in Asia, Philippine stocks also ended at new highs, huoyed by a rebound in other regional markets and growing opumism about the economy, brokers said.

The Manila composite index jumped 75 points to close at 2.509, easily surprassing the previous high of 2.467 set on

The Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchange composite index also set a new high of 1,063.25 points, up 22.14 points, or 2.13 per cent points from Monday's

Tokyo stocks ended modestly higher in volatile trade on a technical rebound helped by short-covering, but the market failed to sustain bullishness as investors were sidelined to await the government's economy-boosting plans.

The 225-share Nikkei average rose 63.11 points to 16.903.49.

Australian share's were up with resources stocks the star performers. The All Ordinaries closed up 20.2 points, or a touch under one per cent, at

## **Struggling Ukraine** raises prices sharply

KIEV. Ukraine (AP) -Ukrainians already suffering from 70 per cent monthly inflation and a chronic fuel shortage were dealt another blow Monday when the government sharply raised prices on food, energy and transportation.

Prices on bread, milk. eggs. meat and other staples tripled. "I'm still in a state of shock ---I don't know what we are going to do," said Viktoria Hubsky. standing in line to buy a litre of milk for her two young children. The bottle cost more than 5,000 Karbovantsy compared to about 2.000 a day

earlier. The transitional currency. which replaced the Russian rouble when Ukraine declared independence from the Soviet Union, is more often called simply "coupons.

The minimum wage has heen 40,000 coupons, roughy \$2. Parliament tripled it last week to 120,000 coupons about \$4 - but so far the increase hasn't filtered down

into people's paychecks. This electricity prices in rural areas shot up to 50 coupons per kilowatt-hour from 20 on Sunday.

In cities, the price rose from 25 coupons per kilowatt-hour on Sunday to as much as 90 or

Subway and bus tickets were increased by five times, to 150 and 100 coupons respectively. Many bus routes already have been cut back or stopped altogether because of the energy crunch.

Ukraine is still heavily dependentk for fuel on Russia, which has said it begin charging world prices in early 1994. Ukraine's government and

parliament, dominated by former communist functionaries. have implemented few economic reforms in two years of independence from the Soviet Analysis said the price hikes

Monday were another step back toward a Soviet-style economy. "Ukraine continues to head toward a full, administrative command economy. said Veniamin Sikora, an economics professor at the Institute of International Relations

in Kiev. Oleksander Duntau. a centrist parliament member, said the move "may lead to a social catastrophe.

"Prices have tripled, yet the lack of social programmes will make people have angries. The people don't believe anyone anymore," be said.

## Lloyd's offers £900m to ruined members

LONDON (AFP) - The Lloyd's insurance market is offering to pay £900 million (\$1.35 billion) in damages to members hit by massive losses in recent years, Lloyd's Chairman David Rowland said Tuesday.

The initial reaction to the offer by the few names present was hostile. Demand for compensation totals £3.15 billion.

The amount offered in compensation to about 21,000 members, known as names, was in line with the figure expected by financial circles.

The members have until the end of January to decide if they will accept the offer. Amicable agreement would avert litigation between members shouldering the biggest losses and the insurance agents whom they accuse of negligence and incompetence in the management of funds and risks.

A Lloyd's spokesman said that funds to pay compensation had been raised through a committee for errors and omissions which insures agents against litigation by names, the Central Fund of Lloyd's which

is based on contributions by names, and donations by

Many names, who put their entire personal wealth behind the market, face severe financial difficulties or even ruin

arising from losses of £5.5 bil-lion reported by the market during a three-year period.

A record loss of £2.9 billion was reported in 1990, the last year for which results are available since results are published after a three-year delay to allow for the settlement of

The executive director of Lloyd's Peter Middleton, said that the sum of £900 million was the most that the organisa-

tion could pay now.

Managers of Lloyd's have described the offer as fair and equitable and have warned nmes that if they rejected it and took action in the courts, they would forfeit the contribution from the Central Fund as part of an amicable settlement.

The names are prevented by F: law from taking action against Lloyd's and their only recourse is against their agents.

## Moscow approves \$4.47 b deficit for last quarter

MOSCOW (R) — The Russian government has endorsed a budget deficit of 5.5 trillion roubles (\$4.47 billion) for the last quarter of 1993, Finance Minister Boris Fyodorov said Tuesday. This would produce a 1993 deficit equal to 10 per cent of the gross national pro-duct (GNP), he told a Moscow news conference.

Approval of the fourth quarter deficit had been delayed after several ministries pro-jected increases in spending

ahead of the Dec. 12 parliamentary elections. It is unclear how the budget will accommodate a doubling of minimum wages to the equiva-lent of \$12 by President Boris Yeltsin Monday.

Few Russiansearn the minimum wage but it is used by the government as a base for calculating salaries and other social payments and the increase means extra government

#### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 8, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: This is the day for you to study and consider the ways and means by which you will be able to modernise your personal properties. An unexpected opportunity could come your way this

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You now can communicate with those at a distance and let them know your plans where trips or seeing them in the future may be

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Put on your thinking cap about the various private arrangements that you can make with confidential advisors to get ahead faster with your ambitions.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Now you have a good day to be a gregarius person and see your friends and acquaintances and make a point to meet persons unknown to you before this.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Consider well what your worldly aims are and what you can do to approach them from new and untried ways with the assistance of bigwigs.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You have the inspiration now to gain some farseeing and reaching new aims that appeal to you so go after them with courage and with confidence.

VIRGO: (August 22 to Septem-ber 22) Consider well what you can do that is different that can

bring you into closer rapport with one to whom you are physi-cally drawn and be happy.

LIBRA: (September 23 tn October 22) Seek out the most ambitious and dynamic persons wiath whom you have any contact and find out what they will do to belo you further your public agast. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Pitch into whatever tasks you have to do and the new ideas and ways you can think of to increase your opera-tive skill will now be helpful. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Early make engagements and appointments with mate or close companions to go out on the town to new and different amusements than you

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Think about the persons you would like in know better and ask them into your. home as guests so you can be-come better acquainted with

have enjoyed.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You like to be active and dash around seeing as many persons as possible and coming to a new understanding with them so use this day thusly. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) A very good day to consider your assets and just what you can do to have a greater abundance to spare in the days ahead so be alert to them. aleri to them.

#### Peanuts

said here Tuesday.



HE ENTERS ANOTHER BECKONS TO THE PLAIN LOOKING WAITRESS ..











#### **Andy Capp**



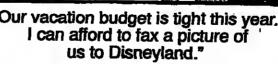


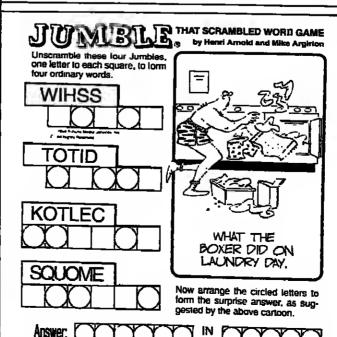


#### **Mutt'n'Jeff**

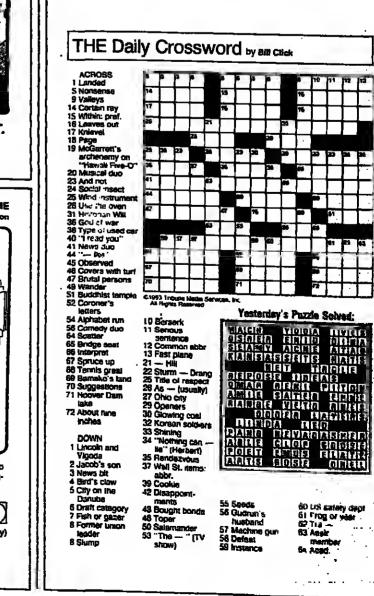


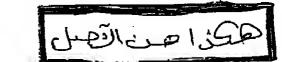






Jumbles: BLOAT QUEEN SQUIRM INDIGO What they danced in those days — THE MINUET





## **UNRWA** report welcomes prospects for change

United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) Commissioner-General Ilter Türkmen expresses the hope that the signing of the Declaration of Principles between the Palestine Liberation Organisation and Israel on Sept. 13, 1993, "marks a turning point in the region and in the principle." the region and in the West

Bank and Gaza in particular."
In his preface to UNRWA's Annual Report to the United Nations General Assembly released on Oct. 5 in New York, Mr. Türkmen says that "the real significance of this report lies in the fact that it underscores how vital it was to reach such an agreement." He also voices hope that "the report—which includes the period between 1 July 1992 and 30 June 1993 — covers an era which has gone forever."
During 1992, more than 45

per cent of UNRWA funds were devoted to education, were devoted to education, Mr. Türkmen reported. Nearly 393,000 elementary and preparatory pupils were enrolled in the agency's 641 schools. About 4,500 students received trade, technical and vocational training in the agency's eight centres during the year. The agency took initial steps to upgrade the qualifications of teachers by replacing its existing two-year teacher training courses with a four-year university-level course.

Over 20 per cent of agency expenditure was on health. The effectiveness of UN-RWA's primary health care services was confirmed by a recent UNICEF study which found that infant and child . mortality rates among residents in refugee camps, most of whom receive health care from UNRWA, were significantly lower than for those living in towns and villages in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Relief and social services absorbed about 13 per cent of total agency expenditure during 1992, Mr. Türkmen reported. By June 1993, 6.5 per cent of the refugee population agency-wide qualified for special assistance. Budgetary constraints forced the agency to - straints forced the agency to freeze the number of refugee families receiving special hardship assistance, including urgently needed shelter rehabilitation, at the 1993 spending level. As a result of greater involvement by local communities, development programmes for needy refugees, especially women and disabled people, were expanded during

Curfews, closures and plummeting local incomes meant that the demand for emergency food aid greatly exceeded the amount budgeted for the West Bank and Gaza Strip. At the end of March 1993, the West Bank and Gaza Strip were - sealed from Israel. The closure cut off some 130,000 Palestimans from approximately \$2.75 million per day in wages they had previously earned in Israel. UNRWA distributed its available stocks of flour to 39,000 needy families in the West Bank and 120,000 families in Gaza and issued an emergency appeal for imported staples such as flour,

rice and sugar. With many shelters huilt as temporary accommodation in

the 1950s and 1960s, the housing stock in refugee camps has deteriorated over the years, largely due to financial constraints. The commissionergeneral said that UNRWA estimates that about 5,000 shelters of families receiving special bardship assistance in the occupied territory urgently need major repair or reconstruction. Acute housing needs also exist in Lebanon, especially for about 6,000 displaced Palestine refugee families. The agency only had funding to rehabilitate about 630 shelters throughout its area of comments. throughout its area of operations during the year. Emergency repairs were com-pleted to about 1,150 shelters.

The agency's efforts to assist the local Palestinian economy continued to expand during the year, Mr. Türkmen said. By the end of June 1993, about \$3.8 million had been disbursed in loans to over 180 small and medinm-sized businesses run by Palestinians, mainly in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Poor environmental health conditions in refugee camps in the occupied territory and Lebanon represent one of the most serious health risks to refugees living in the camps. During the year, UNRWA established a new department of environmental affairs in Gaza and international consultants carried out a detailed study on strategic options to improve environmental health in the eight camps and adja-cent municipalities. In the West Bank, the agency continued the construction of internal sewage schemes in eight refugee camps. In Lebanon, UNRWA continued its efforts to raise some \$12 million to implement its provisional 1991 master plan to improve water supply and solid waste management in the camps.

UNRWA disbursed \$306 million in its regular and special programmes serving some 2.8 million registered Palestine refugees during calendar year 1992. Expenditure declined from \$308.1 million in 1991, despite rising demand for services due to natural population increase and deteriorating socio-economic conditions. At the beginning of 1993, UN-RWA projected a substantial et shortfall which lorced the agency to take austerity measures to contain expenditure. These measures, as well as additional contributions from some donors, helped to reduce the deficit. ..

Mr. Türkmen thanked the donor countries for their spontaneous offers of financial support since the signing of the Declaration of Principles to enable UNRWA to meet the challenges during the initial phase of the interim period. At the same time, he pointed out that "the need for continued assistance for the Palestine refugees in Jordan, Lebanon, and the Syrian Arah Republic should not be overionked." The commissioner-general will present his report to the Special Political and Decolonisation Committee of the U.N. General Assembly which will consider the work of UNRWA during the third week of November.

#### Ajloun could be closest race

(Continued from page 1)

its members into a leading position in the polls today. Attempts to reach such consensus were said to be under way on Sunday evening.

There are conservative vnters. especially women, who may vote Deifallah into parliament," said one observer from Alloun about the IAF candidate.

But the Momani split is by no means the greatest or the largest in the Ajloun district. In Kufranjeh, the town with the single largest number of votes in the district, seven candidates are vying for the town's 8,072 votes. One frontrunner in the race is former Deputy Annah. But many here complain that Dr. Annah did not do enough for his district and those vowed to back his relative Farouk Annab. Three cousins from the Freihat clan are also vying for the votes in Kufran-

Although Ali Zgoul the only one Muslim candidate running in Anjara, he is expected to share the town's 5.715 votes with three Christian candidates, Wadi Zuwaideh, Jamal Haddad and Majed Haddad.

Two candidates from the Oudah cian in 'Ain Janna, with 3,727 registered voters, are also expected to fight out a tough race with some nbservers believing Abamd Qudah, one of the two candiates from the village, gaining the upper hand over this riv-

Two first cousins are running among the eight Christian candidates. Mazen Al Rahadi is running against Farah Al Rabadi to win some of their clan's 1,800 votes. Former Christian deputy for Ajlonn Jamai Haddad is backed by a slightly smaller

Other Christian candidates such as Naji Maqdash, Fahim Mazahreh and Farah Ayouh are all expecting to win clan. and other votes in Ajloun.

"Many of the Christian candidates are professionals, lawyers and doctors, and they have done well in their neighbourhoods; Muslims whom they served may also vote for them and this makes predicting a winner more difficult," said an observer in Ailoun.

According to natives of Ailoun and election observers in the district, the frontrunner in the race for the two Muslim seats, are Ahmad Qudah, Hassan Smadi. Mohammad Saleem Momani, Deifallah Mumani, Ahmad Annah, Abdul Rafan Al Freihat, Maan Freihat and Jamil Bani Ata.

Few more snips for next four years: Foul play should be preempted; Islamist sides with women while another wants to sell his house; philosophical support to cap it all

will head to the polls to choose their representatives for the 12th Parliament. This column will therefore cap a series of snippets and tidbits about campaign '93, which we hope readers and candidates alike have enjoyed, with their full sense of humour intact. Sultan Hattab, a columnist for the Al Ra'i Arabic daily who is close to the prime minister, revealed to his readers vesterday an important piece of news. Voters who have been unable to collect their voting cards due to foul play by some candidates will be able to vote today if they can prove that they had initially registered for voting and never received the needed document, Mr. Hattab quoted Dr. Majali as saying. The columnist was also kind to tell us the story behind the prime minister's decision: "My friend, Dr. Abdul Rah-man Mango, is tired of running after bis lost vote and he feels that the computer people who told him to forget about voting bave deprived bim of his most important weapon in this era of democracy, so he will continue to look for his vote until he finds it. For moral considerations I will not name the candidates — one of them was a former deputy, and another served as a minister and deputy — who are facing cases in court over this issue. Some are most likely going to ask for a tribal peace offering after one family discovered that all their cards bave been hidden by one of the candidates. The prime minister has been informed of these com-



who have not picked up. their cards or whose cards have been hidden by some candidates can vote on Nov. 8 with an official proof of identity as long as their names appear on voter lists." This move by the prime minister has not been announced officially, as far as our information tells us. But it augurs well for our elections: An important tool of democracy is being returned by the government to the people from those who tried to steal it.

**ISLAMIC ACTION Front** candidate Sheikh Abdul Munem Abu Zant must be really worried about reelection in his Second District or else he would not have resorted to such a dramatic move as to advertise the sale of his house in Arabic papers. In an ad published in local dailies vesterday. Sheikh Abu Zant placed his usual "Vote for me" advertisement, only to find right. under it the following ad also: "Hurry before it is too late. Candidate

Sheikh Abu Zant announces that he wants to sell his bouse to pay his debts which he had to shoulder (as a result of the campaign, presumably). The bouse's features: (1) The shortest bouse opposite Al Hashlamoun Mosque (2) The house is a basement located below street level." Attractive the house is not, but the message is powerful. By the way, Sheikh Abu Zant got the highest percentage of votes any candidate achieved in 1989 and

pected decision to postpone

the polls, which was partly

hased on fears that the elec-

tion campaign would turn

into a referendum on the

These fears did material-

ise, however, and the elector-

al campaign ended with the

peace process in general overshadowed by talks about

The peace process is also

expected to be minimally

affected by the 12th Parlia-

ment and the government is

expected to proceed with its talks with Israel with less

noise than it had to listen to

from the previous Parlia-

By virtue of its likely com-

position, the House is ex-

pected to leave the govern-

ment in charge of its foreign

policy at what most observers

describe as a crucial time in

the history of the nation.

The debate that deputies

would launch, observers say,

would be similar to the one

that candidates raised in the

run-up to the election day.

Oslo accord.

services.

al, social and economic issues in Jordan. "I want to say that the two candidates enjoy very high political maturity and incredible abilities for dialogue and discussions. Every one of them proved that she follows current affairs, whether political or eco-nomic. The other in-credible part in his column is: "We men have to admit that we do not like to see a politicised woman in our Parliament, especially if she enjoys a higher level of political maturity and ability than the men. We have to admit that we hate to see women in Parliament demanding that the Civil Status Law be changed because we feel it takes away from our hegemony over them... We hate to see women being consulted because we enjoy being the only consultants and we want women only to obey." To Mr. Sbeihi, who joined the Islamic Action Front as a

appears to be headed for

an encore this time too.

PERHAPS THE only real

breaktbrough in the Nov.

8 campaign is a column published by independent

Islamist columnist

Mohammad Sbeihi yester-

day. Under the heading

"Men... ensure that women reach Parlia-

ment," Mr. Sbeibi said

that he attended a meeting during which the two Cir-

cassian candidates for the

Third District discussed

their opinions and aired

their views on the politic-

WHOEVER SAID sports

mediately.

founding member before

resigning in protest over

its "undemocratic

favouritism towards the

Muslim Brotberhood

Movement," one must

raise his or her hat im-

Elections 93 cannot help in politics?: Fahd Al Bayaari, a mainstream Palestinian candidate for the Second District of Amman, published

an ad yesterday asking the masses of Al Wihdat Club to vote for him. Mr. Bayaari is the president of this club, which has stood as a symbol of Palestinian nationalism for the majority of the Palestinian refugees residing in Al Windat camp. But it is not

actually all apolitical, becanse Mr. Bayaari is a well-known Fateh supporter and his candidacy is seen by many politicians as a test of Fateh's influence in the camp. And if it means dipping into football memorabilia to support the cause, he would not hesitate to do it. Would anybody?

AND BEFORE anyone screams about "foreign intervention" in local poli-tics, Fakhri Kawar, one of the frontrunners for the Christian candidate in Amman's Third District. has all kinds of foreigners philosophising about Jordanian elections. In a letter published as an ad in local papers by the Jordanian Philosophy Society.
Mr. Kawar appears to bave received the endorsement of people from Egypt, the United States. Iraq, Denmark, Holland and Canada. The letter from the head of the Philosophy Society, and addressed to Mr. Kawar. announces that the Preparatory Committee for the International Union of Arab Writers and Think-'ers "announces its support for you in your current parliamentary election campaign." Only philosophical intervention will not matter.

Nermeen Mnrad

## Campaign focused little on real issues

(Continued from page 1)

plaints — and he has

already said that those

almost two weeks into the legal period allowed for campaigning, and by its initial handling of the PLO-Israel

With the absence of other

effective mechanisms of communications such as television, which is legally banned from promoting any political group or airing political com-mercials, railies were the venues through which the 651 candidates in 1989 attacked the International Monetary Fund (IMF)-prescribed economic adjustment programme and Israel and demanded more democracy and respect for human rights.

This year, campaigning took place mainly through hanners that hung above electricity poles and shops, and private visits and meetings, until the Higher Court of Justice revoked the ban on public rallies on Sept. 28 and the campaigns picked up

After receiving permission to hold the rallies, independent leftist and Islamist candidates invited their followers to public meetings that injected some life into The mainly well-attended

liked." Mr. Ben-An told the

In Cairo on Sunday, Mr.

Arafat discussed international

financial support for Pulesti-

nian autonomy with U.S.

Ambassador to Egypt Robert

The talks focussed on the

results of the first meeting last

Friday of the ad hoc committee

grouping donor countries, at

the Paris offices of the World

Bank, Mr. Arafat told repor-

Associated Press.

Pelletreau.

Self-rule talks resume

(Continued from page 10)

the restoration of Parliament as the means to end economic hardships and stamp out alleged government corrup-tion, voters, candidates and the government which was charged with supervising the elections in 1989 contributed to a lively election campaign in which hard economic and political issues took promin-

Only 555,398 out of 877,000 voters who collected their voting cards (out of a total of 1.2 million registered voters) participated in the 1989 elections but the low turnout was attributed to the scepticism with which some voters greeted the then new

Four years after, a higher voter turnout is expected, but a lower enthusiasm for the elections has already been demonstrated.

Islamist and leftist parties hold the government responsible for their failure to address issues as weighty as the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)-Israel accord, the Jordanian-Israeli agenda for peace negotia-tions and the future of the democratic process itself.

They contend that the government kept them at bay from their constituencies by banning public rallies until

The ad hoe committee was

set up after the signing of the

PLO-Israeli autonomy deal in

The committee consists of

the EC, the European Invest-

ment Bank. Canadu. Japan.

United States. Egypt. Israel.

Russia, Saudi Arabia, Jordan,

Tunisia: the Gulf Cooperation

Council, the United Nations.

Palestinian representatives, and the World Bank — the

latter acting as secretarial.

Washington on Sept. 13.

rallies, however, were seen to have done little to help the divided left improve its chances at the polls.

The 36 Islamic Action Front (IAF) candidates told supporters at their rallies that they were the target of a campaign aimed at reducing their representation at the House but their fiery speeches are not expected to guarantee more than 20 of them success in their bid for

The new electoral rules are likely to work to the disadvantage of the IAF, which can no longer rely on the organisational power that helped the Muslim Brotherhood, the core of the IAF, carry 23 of its members and 10 of its supporters and sympathisers to the House in 1989 through striking deals and alliances with other

candidates. Observers say the uncertainty about holding the elections that followed the signing of the PLO-Israel accord led some sectors of society to gnestion the automatic continuity of the country's democrafic orientation. That too, they say, dampened enthu-

siasm for the campaign. Others say the campaign did not have the fervour that the 1989 electoral race had because the fiery slogans that magnetised the public then have lost their appeal after four years of parliamentary practice that left many promises unfulfilled

The issues themselves are different this time around, observers say. "Things today are cooler than they were four years ago," said one observer.

Observers say the electorate is no longer receptive to unrealistic slogans which it has learned Parliament cannot deliver. The candidates realised the changes and thus addressed localised yet real needs that pertain to the daily lives of the citizens.

Others insist, however.

#### that the absence of major King, premier reaffirm vow political issues from the electoral race was a direct result of the initially strongly ex-

(Continued from page 1)

Polling centres, mostly government schools, open their doors at 7 a.m. They close at 7 p.m., but district governors could use their discretion to extend the deadline for a maximum of two hours.

Vote counting starts at specific locations set aside in each of the eight governorates immediately thereafter. First results are expected after midnight, and the minister of interior is expected to hold a press conference Tnesday afternoon in formally announce the results.

Journalists who possess special cards issued by the Ministry of Information will have access to most of the polling and vote-counting centres. Television and radio are ex-

pected to provide a round-theclock update nn the voting process and results.

Jordan Television and radio will start transmission from 18 radio and 12 television centres in different parts of the Kingdom as soon a the polling stations open and stay on the air until the formal results are announced, Informatinn Minister Ma'n Abu Nowar

Dr. Ahu Nowar was speaking during a visit to a press centre set up at the Royal Cultural Centre to offer services to the international media covering the elections. In addition to the centre, information will also be available at the Ministry of Information Press Office at the Inter-Continental Hotel, he said.

Candidates wound up their campaigns Snnday, with lastminute appeals to the voters with huge ads in the newspapers and new banners and posters put up at key places and going around visiting voters in what one cynic described as a "down to earth apprnach" to the electorate.

Reliable estimates indicate that more than JD 40 million were spent by the candidates in their frenzy to win the hearts and minds of the people through massive advertising, leaflets, posters, lavish campaign rallies and paying sup-



Monday 8/11/93 818637 816690

SWEIFIYEH.

Time To Take A Rest.....Follow Elections Results While You Dine In Style..... تابعوا نتائج الإنتخابات مع وجبة العشاء

الفاخرة على الطريقة الإيطالية . . للنخبة

85682305910543812573498245090068157911691783067212 4896

الملذا من الأحل

رياس تأجر بيمية عربية سيلسية مستقلة نصدر بالاسطيرية عن الأرسمية المسجعية الأربسية

Chairman of the Board of Directors: MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Director General: MOHAMMAD AMAD Editor-in-Chief:

GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation, University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 696183

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

#### Chance to bounce back

IT HAS become obvious now, after three days of speeches by members of the Lower House of Parliament, that a vote of confidence in the government of Dr. Abdul Salam Majali will not be easy sailing. Some deputies, who had hitherto been considered as natural allies of the government, have made their support for it contingent on Dr. Majali's reply to their demands and conditions. Parliamentary coalitions that were formed in the short period between elections and the convening of the House do not seem to be unanimous in their support or apposition to the government. A great deal; therefore, seems to hinge on the prime minister's reply to deputies' accusations, querries, demands and questions. With this in mind, the government still has a handsome chance to use its reply to the critical speeches and formulate an altogether new policy IT HAS become obvious now, after three days of speeches by critical speeches and formulate an altogether new policy statement which would better reassure deputies and elicit their support rather than opposition. Dr. Majali's total reliance, so far, on the Speech from the Throne as his only programme for government and his long and bright record in the service of the country as the only basis for dealing with the House, has been the main source of criticism. But if he draws an additional policy statement that can assuage deputies' fears about, at least, his intention to pursue a more democratic method in dealing with them, he will definitely be able to win more votes

The prime minister need not do much more to address the issue of the peace process and the country's economic programme in order to convince the deputies of the viability of his government, but he needs to fend off accusations that his team

is partisan and incoherent. Regarding the peace process, Dr. Majali has nothing to fear from telling all and addressing the real concerns the parliamentarians have. Jordan is doing no wrong in handling the negotiations with Israel the way they have been handled and tackled. Jordan has no wish to outdo or outbid any Arab, nor to leave any of them behind in the search for a just, durable and comprehensive peace that returns to Arabs and Palestinians their legitimate rights. Moreover, the Kingdom's commitment to and quest for peace has been the hallmark of successive Jordanian governments, and they cannot be rolled back under

any circumstances.

But, on the other hand, Dr. Majali needs to prove beyond any shadow of doubt that his government is not and will not be partisan during its stay in office. In a growing democracy, like ours, non-party governments cannot afford to favour one party over another, nor certain groups or individuals over others. The prime minister needs to assure the deputies that, in cooperation with the House, his government will introduce legislation that would make second-tier government officials non-political appointees. Appointments at below-minister levels should be fair and based on merit rather than on political should be fair and based on ment rather than on political affiliations or geographical representation. Likewise the prime minister would do well to address deputies' fears about gement and favouritism. A serious pledge to fight these ills would greatly enhance the chances of his reply to the House becoming more widely accepted.

The prime minister can seize the opportunity provided by the deputies' criticism of the Election Law by promising to introduce to the House during its present ordinary session a new election law that would be more democratic and representative and that rectifies all the shortcomings that were found with the current law. He needs to pledge that the next elections, in accordance with the new law, would be conducted under the supervision of a body, trusted by all parties preferably the

On the controversial issue of decentralisation, the government would probably want to heed the deputies' demands that instead of governors being given such wide responsibilities, while still under the authority of the Ministry of Interior, they should be elected by the people, as is the case in well-established

For sure democracy, meaning the rule of the people, cannot be true when governors are accountable to ministers rather than to people.

To counter the deputies' criticism of the increase in minis-ters' salaries, the prime minister should seek to improve the deputies' working conditions by providing them with offices and support staff to enable them to carry out their duties

properly and efficiently.
On top of all these, the prime minister and his team need to articulate a clear and credible commitment to democracy. For unless he convinces his audience of deputies and Jordanians at large that he is committed to the letter and spirit of democracy, he will not find the support he seeks. Nor, for that matter, will any other government meet with success if it ignores the real wishes of the people and its true representatives.

#### **ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES**

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour Tuesday expressed helief that the current dehate in Parliament will have no influence on the government's pursuit of efforts on the peace process track. Taher Al Udwan said that the presence of Warren Christopher in Amman to talk about the peace process coinciding with the parliamentary debate, gives a clear indication that the govern-ment will not heed calls by some deputies to ahandon the peace process. The writer expressed the view that the deputies did not call for ending the negotiations outright because they would have to propose other alternatives and other programmes which do not exist at the moment. He said that the deputies now concern themselves with the extent to which the present government would go towards implementing reforms programmes and whether the government would be successful in obtaining good results from its ongoing discussion with the Israelis, the Americans and the Palestinians at a future stage The writer, said that Parliament is currently preoccupied with the questions of poverty, unemployment and economic issues that foreshadow other concerns. For this reason, concluded the writer, the present Parliament is not expected to put real obstacles in the path of the government's endeavours to make the peace process reach a just and durable selllement.

FAHD ALF. NEK, columnist in Al Ra'i, advocated a call by a group of pan-Arah nationalists for unity that would group Jordan, Syria and Iraq. He said that the call is designed to have this unity to serve as a nucleus for a greater pan-Arah unity. Nothing should stop such an idea from heing implemented, especially as the regimes in each and every capital of these countries would remain unchanged and no one ruler would be asked to sacrifice his position or relinquish his responsibilities for the sake of serving this mini-Arah unity. said the writer. He said that a tripartite confederation of these countries in what is called the Fertile Crescent would have its own weight in the politics of the region and would bolster the Arah cause and the Arah stand in the international arena.



## Builders for peace — a new American initiative

By Dr. James Zogby

The tragedy and hrutality of the occupation continues to torment the Palestinians of the West Bank and Gaza. The promise of Sept. 13 has not yet borne fruit. Instead, the cycle of violence has accelerated with dozens killed and hun-dreds shot and wounded. The prisons are still filled and the economy of the occupied territories is strangling.

It is not the same old story. Enemies of the Israel/PLO Declaration of Principles exist on both sides and Palestinians have been victims not only of the Israeli occupation author-ities, but also of their own internal opposition. Simultaneously, Israeli right wing opponents of the accords. especially the extremist settler movements, have declared a virtual rebellion against their government and have taken their rage out against the

Palestinian population.
Through these dark clouds, however, a few rays of light shine with the spirit of the Sept. 13 uccords as leaders and members of both constituencies work together to sustain the momentum toward peace.

Here in the United States. Arab American and Anterican through these difficult days to remain focused on building a new relationship.

Interesting new realities have developed as a result of the accords. Sept. 13 represented not so much a political or policy breakthrough (although on several levels it did) as it did a psychological hreakthrough. It is true that many critical issues remain unresolved, but it also true that Arab American and American Jews are meeting together and the leadership of both communities have become invested not only in huilding solutions but in providing some level of mutual support for their shared

peace process.

Real differences remain. Neither side has given up its goals or principles, hut the accords and the act of mutual recognition have created a new political reality which places both communities in uncharted waters: learning a new language, taking on new priorilies, discovering a new centre in the Middle East policy dehate and working trigether to huild a firm foundation for

I am part of one such cooperarive effort that was formally launched by Vice President Al Gure. It was on Nov. 29-30 that the vice president joined a prestigious group of about 80 Arah American and Jewish American husiness leaders to heln form "Builders for peace: An American Private Sector Initiative to support Middle Fast Peace.

The founding events included a Monday night meeting and dinner with Mr. Gore. followed by a series of Tuesday hilefings given to the group hy an impressive array of Clinton iditinistration officials.

"Builders for peace" grew out of the request from President Clinton and Vice President Gore that Arah Americans. American Jews and other concerned citizens organise a private initiative to stimulate the economy of the West Bank and Gaza to bring the fruits of peace to the peaple of the region.

Witnessing the positive en-couragement for cooperation created by the Sept. 13th signing ceremony both the president and the vice president decided to match the need for economic development in the West Bank and Gaza with the expressed desire of both AtanAmerican and American Jews to play a constructive role in the process.

It was Vice President Gure who first contacted me and former Culifornia Congressman Mel Levine and asked us to head up this initiative. He pledged his support and that of the administration, hut urged us to undertake it as a private

Recognising that the private sector can move quickly than the government, the goal of "Builders for peace" is to focus upon the development of the Palestinian private sector as the fastest way to create good jobs and opportunities and lay the groundwork for an upgraded infrastructure and a more dynamic economic environment

As the founding document of the new initiative makes clear, as Palestinians become vested in developing their economy. Israel will also experience greater security and benefits of regional stability and cooperation.

As conceived, "Builders for peace" will organise business leaders, especially those in the Arab American and American Jewish communities to promote investment in the West B" k and Gaza. Recognising t' t the Israeli regulatory regime has strangled the Palesiinian economy, the organisation will support policies and practices to facilitate secure and profitable investment in the private sector. The guiding rationale is that successful projects will demonstrate the henefits of the peace accord to both Palestinians and Israelis. Builder for peace."

"Our top people are focused on this effort to make sure your project will be success-ful." he said. "I helieve very strongly in the important of this effort and in its necessity."

"The roots of this initiative, it should always be rememhered, was Sept. 13. When that handshake took place and also the meeting of the two com-munities who had never hefore been pulled together in the same room for a common purpose, this electrified the atmosphere and made all of us feel that this opportunity could not he squandered or wasted. I knew from that meeting that we had the chance to do something very valuable in our

Mr. Gore did not downplay the obstacles to implementing the accords signed Sept. 13 nor the importance of maintaining a commitment to the process.

That difficulties have arisen on both sides is not surprising. That both sides have recommitted themselves to surmounting those difficulties and building on the progress of Sept. I3 is what we should focus on. The glass is half full. not balf empty, and we are moving in the right direction. not the wrong direction.

Treasury Secretary Bentsen also articulated his support for the initiative as a vital part of making peace a reality in the region.
"I think the success of this

endeuvour (the peace process) hinges on having an economic structure that will huild and survive and create johs to give stability in that area.... I think

"I think the success of this endeavour (the peace process) hinges on having an economic structure that will build and survive and create jobs to give stability in that area... I think we've reached a critical point. We're seeing the parties in the Middle East choose cooperation over confrontation. Given the history of that region, I think that ranks with the Berlin wall coming down and the end of the cold war."

"Builders for peace" asks Arah Americans and American Jews to lend their experience and expertise in joint projects that will promote understanding, cooperation and economic development. Not only will this promote prosperity and peace in the Middle East, this inhimive will imprive relations between these groups within the United States.

What was significant about the founding events of "Builders for peace" was not unly the personal support given the project by the vice president but the extensive participation in the project shown by other leading members of the administration.

Speakers at the events included Secretary of the Treasury Lloyd Benisen, President of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation (OPIC). Ruth Harkin, Special Middle East Coordinator Dennis Ross and top officials for the U.S. Agency for International Development, the Department of Commerce, the U.S. Trade Development Agency and the

U.S. Information Agency. Vice President Al Gore refleeted the time of the two days at a reception where he greeted the supporters of

we've reached a critical point. We're seeing the parties in the Middle East choose cooperation over confrontation. Given the history of that region, I think that ranks with the Berlin Wall coming down and the end of the cold war. Mr. Bentsen added: "When

there is economic security, there can be political sta-

OPIC President Ruth Harkin nutlined the plans of that agency to support private sector projects in the territories. including a commitment to provide \$100 million in the form of loans, loan guarantees and political risk insurance to those American investors willing to develop projects in the territories.

OPIC assistance to the West Bank and Gaza can he leveraged to generate a quarter of a hillion dollars in total private investment. Specifically, OPIC plans to:

- Provide OPIC Inans and loan guarantees to help finance investment projects by U.S. firms in the West Bank and Gaza. This will include medium-and lutg-term protect linancing for U.S. investors.

- Provide OPIC political risk insurance to U.S. firms investing in the West Bank and

Conduct an investment mission to the West Bank and Gaza for firms interested in evaluating opportunities in industry sectors, including infrastructure development, food processing, business hotels, tourism and others.

- Market new investment opportunities for U.S. companies operating in the region. in cooperation with private sector groups, including the Arah American business com-

munity. Some Arah and Arab American friends have wondered why I have decided to participate in the project. Very simply, I think this kind of initiative is vital to constructing a better, more peaceful and more democratic atmosphere in the occu-

pied territories.

I think this initiative is suited for the Palestinian people for several reasons.

First, the Palestinian economy in the occupied territories is already overwhelmingly propelled by the private sector with close to 85 per cent of the gross domestic product (GDP) generated by business now operating there. Second, the Palestinians are

among the most educated people in the Middle Eust and therefore even small-scale investment can generate great benefit if combined with a highly trained, highly motivaled work force.

Third, the Palestinians, like many in the Arah World, have a strong history of entrep-reneurial experience.

Fourth, the economy there is underdeveloped hecause of the harsh conditions endured by the people there. Palestinians 1 have spoken with ahnur this project are greatly encouraged by such efforts and believe they can huild a stronger, bet-ter society with a little creative help and cinital.

Finally, I think the initiative could usher in a new era in Arah American and Jewish American relations. We will. not agree on all issues, but perhaps the exclusion and demonisation that has too often marked our relationship can be left in the past. That, at least, is my hope and I think the Arah American community will benefit in many ways if this

Amhassador Dennis Ross, special coordinator for Middle East policy, was eloquent as he shared his own perspective on Builders for peace.

What is more important than unything else is that a new reality is in fact created on the ground that everyone can see. is important for both sides. Palestinians have to see that not only does the Israeli withdrawal begin, but that their life. changes, that peace pays, that there is a fundamental difference because of this agreement, that they can begin to look to the future with a very different set of hopes and aspirations.

"I raelis, too, have to see that as they begin to withdraw. Israteli security is not endangered, that they don't feel personally less secure because of this.

'As implementation proceeds, as real things happen on the ground, then you will begin to see the peace constituencies strengthened. That's the challenge. If you begin to make a difference on the ground even in sntall-scale ways, the effect an the ground is going to be disproportionate to the input. What we are trying to do is change a psychology, what we are trying to do is create a sense of promise in place of

#### **LETTERS**

## University education — after what?

To the Editor:

Dr. Majdoubeb's article "University education and future citizens — aspirations and fears" (Jordan Times, Oct. 10, 1993) triggers some thoughts that I would like 10 share with

The teaching process involves two major parties teachers and students, the role of which is considerably determined by the designated stage of learning. Sometimes, differentiating between school and university education is a difficulty hardly overcome by most university students. By general agreement, school students are lacking the experience and maturity of intellect necessary to the choosing of the methodology best fit for them. That is why the responsibility of their teaching lies beavily on the state academic advisers and on the public

In some educational systems, the role of school students, though crucial, is intensely minimised and restricted to passive participation, embodied in the systems emphasis on mere "memorising" and therefore obhteration of every sign of genuine creativity.

A large segment of our university students, when asked ahout their academie achievements, express their dissatisfaction in more than one way. Some of them, blinded by the heat of the sentiment and their want for objectivity, attribute their inactivity in class and on campus to the stagnant economic situation of the country, hoping thus to justify their slothful-ness and indolence. This totally thoughtless attitude impairs the national educational standards profoundly and worsens the

Every nation looks up to and expects a lot from its university students who, in their presumed active, responsible and tenacious manner, shape their nation's individualistic features and its respectable traditions. It is time that ours assumed their

Professors seem not to have escaped the vicious tongues of some of their students who have repeatedly failed in hringing recognition to themselves as university students. Their exaggerated criticism of their professors legitimates for them their idleness. They are not more intelligent than that who fahricates a story and ends up believing it. Most of their unjust and insubstantial criticism exposes, shamefully, their mis-understanding of the role of their professors in class. They expect the university to be a wearied continuation for schools, they want to be spoonfed and bave their shoulders patted for

memorising information.

The inability of these students to realise the role of their new teachers (their university professors) reflects the considerable gap in our educational system at its different levels. Such a gap

gap in our educational system at its different levels. Such a gap of disastrous consequences demands immediate hridging if further mental and cultural deterioration is to be avoided. As for those students holding and advocating such impractical and usually misleading beliefs, they are advised to broaden their minds and widen their borizons. They need try to adapt to their new academic environment with the end of enriching their life and academie experience at university.

> Lutti Hussein, P.O. Box 2446, Yarmouk University,

## Early better than late

I refer to Dr. Majdoubeh's article "University education and future citizens — aspirations and fears" (Jordan Times, Oct. 10, 1993) and would like to share the following with the readers of the Jordan Times:

The subject of early education and upbringing has always been a primary issue in our society, but obviously no considerable steps have been taken for its improvement. Any Jordanian parent is well-aware of the importance of raising children properly although most fail to practise it in actual terms. Thus we need to concentrate more on methods that arm our children better for their future.

Our children, regrettably, suffer from adults' oppressive policies. A large number of individuals do not realise that they are the basic examples in the huilding of a child's character and mentality and therefore may affect them badly. Children. especially the more sensitive ones, will be ruined as a result of oppressive adult behaviour. They are not listened to and if they dare protest, they would have a "What a shame! You think you know better than us?" for a response. So, it is not astonishing to see them grow up timorous and not knowing how to behave naturally. If they do not know how be themselves, bow can we expect to succeed in feeding them with moralities and ideal theories?

Few people are able to open a "free" debate between themselves and their children. There are certain taboos in the parent-child relationship that need to be removed. The first steps should certainly be taken by adults, so as to encourage children to express themselves. As soon as they begin to feel safe about their parents' attitudes towards their actions, communication between them becomes easier.

A child passes through two main phases of "growing up" and generally, the family and the school neglect these two phases. The first period is considered to be mainly between the age of three and five. In these early years, a child opens his eyes to a world of objects around him. The second phase, and most dangerous, is between eleven and fifteen, or the beginning of adolescence. It is a very critical phase that needs extra attention and care. In these years, they open eyes and minds to a deeper reality of life. It is a transitional phase and it is the most decisive in determining the output we can expect of

one's mentality in the years to come.

If the family, in cooperation with the school, concentrates on children's upbringing, we should one day be able to boast of having more conscious and mature generations. We should be able to have them concerned with every aspect of society and human life, especially nowadays when we see few students visiting the library for extra knowledge or something out of what is imposed on them by the curriculum.

Professors in universities protest against their students not getting involved. Why not bring them up in the first place in a way that makes it easier for them to get involved? Of course, university or college students are of an age when they themselves should try to reform their personalities. What we want is to make it easier on children, in their future, to make a difference, and not just be another number in the statistics. And childhood is where it begins.

> Claudia Rafick Huwari, Yarmouk University, P.O. Box 283, Irbid.

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused manuscripts.

# King receives Mitsubishi president

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

MCCSING BANK CEPTER ARGAM - REDETSABL TELEPHONE: 950170 / 843170 MARKET SHARE PRICE LIST FOR TORRIAY OF HOMBING SESSION

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday received Japan's Mitsubishi Corporation President Manoro Makihara and conferred on him Jordan's Independence

Medal of the First Order. Her Royal Highness Princess Basma also received Mr. Makibara and reviewed with him scopes of cooperation between Jordan and Japan in the social field as well as Queeo Alia Fund for Social Develop-

AN ISLANIC BARE
WE BARE FOR SAVING 9 INVESTMENT
HERSE SAME
NM INVESTMENT 5 FIRANCE BARE
AND PAUTOMAS PROVENTIENT FOR

ARAS PAPER COMPRETING & TRADING JOHAN HIBICAL COMPONIZION WATCHEL STEEL LEGISTRY INTERNOLATE PETRO-CHRYCAL INDO JOHANN ROCKHOM, INDUSTRIES

MAN CENTER FOR PHARM, & CHEMICALS

TOTAL

BO. OF TRADED SHARES IN PARALLEL MARKET TRADED WILLIAM IN THE PARALLET, MARKET

ment (QAF) projects carried out with Japanese support. Mr. Makihara arrived here Tuesday on a two-day visit to Jordan.

Mitsubishi Corporation, a Japanese industrial giant, had participated with Jordan's phosphate and potash com-pantes and other firms to build, in Aqaba, a fertilizer-plant with an annual capacity of 300,000 tonnes, to be all exported to Japan.

> think there is a lot of poten-There is no shortage of possibilities if the plan by Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) to gradually end their conflict, starting with Israel's withdrawal from parts of the occupied

territories this month, leads to Middle East peace. Impractical though some ideas may prove, there is talk of turning Gaza into the Palestinian port, building Palestinian airports and dig-

AMMAN (R) - At one end of

the scale there are dreams that

peace will bring megaprnjects

and an intergrated Middle East

At the other, there are fears

of a continuation of the war-

fare that has given the region

Third World economies with

first world weapons.
"This region is very much

underdeveloped because of the

Palestinian-Israeli conflict and

everyone has wasted a lot of

money on weapons," said a

Western expert in Jordan. "1

market.

ging a canal to let Red Sea water replenish the Dead Sea. A Jordanian official re-

ported rumours an American firm was quietly looking at prospects of eventually reopening a pipeline that carried Iraqi oil across Jordan to Haifa until halted by the creation of Israel 45 years ago.

"I think the future looks very good." said Mifleh Agel. a senior manager with the powerful Arab Bank. "We will see more stability, less tension between Arabs, less spending on arms. I think the region will witness at least a decade of growth.

If Palestinian self-rule in the West Bank and Gaza Strip moves ahead, there should be a burst of building just to provide the housing and infrastructure ignored under Israeli

Riad Khoury, an Amman economist, predicted a boom in the West Bank by next spring — with benefits overflowing to Jordan which hopes to do much of the work.

Jordan, after decades facing a hostile Israel, now hopes to benefit front peace with Jewish and Palestinian neighbours both as a middleman in region-

Mideast peace spurs hopes of economic rebirth

al trade and in direct business. At the top of the Red Sea. where hoth Israel and Jordan hold short stretches of coastline, Israel could use the larger Jordanian port. In return. Jordanians would like access to an Israeli Mediterranean pon.

Tourism could be boosted by packages including the best of the region — scared sites of Jerusalem and the carved-stone splendour of Jordan's ancient of Petra. But, with Israelis and

Palestinians still killing each other and no signed accords defining future economic ties in the area, nothing is guaranteed. Governments and investors are waiting.

The Amman stockmarket. one of the region's most active until September, has appeared paralysed since the PLO-Israeli accord was signed. "Peace with Israel is prohably going to be good for everyone in the long ruo, but there will be a lot of suffering in the short term, said Mr. Khoury. "We are talking ahout a new ballgame with new rules and understandable that is up-

setting people.' Jordan fears being frozen out of an economic union grouping Israel and the West Bank, which produced nearly half of Jordan's gross domestic product hefore Israel captured it in 1967.

Similar fears of an Israeli "economic superpower" — a description that draws smiles from Western economists have been heard in Lebanon. which shatterd its middleman position by a protracted civil

"A minority are scared," said Bassam Saket, Jirdan's trade and industry minister until a cabinet reshuffle this month. "They think the Israelis are going to invade the Arab World and destroy our industry and agriculture.

Trade talks will not be easy

- each country has protected home producers with high tarrifs and other barriers such as import licences. Israel, which heavily subsidises some industries, can add another twist to protectionism with Kosher re-

ligioius requirements for food. Even if those problems are resolved, investors must have confidence the Middle East is puring behind it a tradition of war that has often been obscured by the focus on nnly the Arah-Israeli conflict.

Reflecting that history, there is not just a lack of Arab-Israeli trade — Arab countries also trade little with each

"A fair and comprehensive Arab-Israeli peace, while essential and historic in its consequences, is no panacea. U.S. Assistant Secretary of State Edward Djerejian said on Nov. 30. "The Middle East remains a dangerous neighbourhood. It would not banish the spectre of war or ter-

rorism. An immediate "peace dividend" from a fall in the crippling military budgets seems unlikely. As Israel moved to implement its peace accord with the Palestinians, it sought more U.S. long-range

attack aircraft. For economic benefits of peace to spread beyond the most diretly affected - Israel, the Palestinians and Jordan — a new spirit of cooperation will have to infect the whole Mid-

dle East. "Under the pretext of the conflict with Israel, a lot of stupid things were imposed by leaders all over the Middle East. said Ibrahim Abu Avash, a member of the PLO Central Council and an engineer who has already registered a hranch of his Jorda nians company in the West

"But we are talking about the 21st century. We're hoping that with an atmosphere of peace in the area, the pretext they have used for the past 40 or 50 years will no longer be

## French position on farm deal brightens GATT hopes

BRUSSELS (AFP) - Hopes for a GATT global trade accord brightened Tuesday when France said it was ready to accept a compromise on proposed farm subsidy cuts which

Paris had fiercely opposed. But U.S. and European Community (EC) negotiators remained snagged on at least two key issues, subsidies for the audiovisual and aircraft industries, despite 22 hours of talks that wound up Tuesday. The marathon discussions were aimed at clearing the way for a broader accord on sweeping trade reforms under the General Agreement on Tarif's and Trade (GATT) before a

Dec. 15 deadline. U.S. Trade Representative Mickey Kantor told reporters Tremendous progress" had been made on agricultural subsidies. tariff reductions, public procurement, and services apart from the audiovisual sector. The two sides had agreed Monday to modify their yearold Blair House accord on farm subsidies to meet France's objections that it asked too large a sacrifice of its

farmers. France first rejected the compromise as insufficient but French Foreign Minister Alain Juppe told reporters at

RESTAURANT

Chinese , Thai, Philipino

Indonisian & Malaysian Spe-

an EC council meeting here Tuesday that Paris was now ready to go along.

Mr. Juppe said Monday's talks had "substantially modified" the Blair House agreement cutting the volume of subsidised European food exports by 21 per cent over six years and made "decisive progress" towards meeting French

concerns. He said however that France

Turino

Club Restaurant

Live Plano Open Fridays

Quality Repro Music

Sweifiyeh 816690

LADIES LUNCH

EXOTIC DINNER

UPGRADED MENU

Fully Serviced Flats

SZECHWAN GARBENS

ehinese restaurant

Typical Chinese Foods

Skilled Chinese Chefs

Open 11:30 - 3:30 & 6:00 - Michaelt

Take away is available

Um Utheinah Commercial Centr

Once Tasted Always Loved

TALK OF THE TOWN

DISCOTHEQUE

The First Class Hotel in Amman that has a

ATMOSPHERE

CREATORS

Shar Al-Arab Street

was seeking guarantees the compromise was compatible with the ECs common agricultural policy and wanted added compensation for far-

The chief French diplomat also called for the 12-member Community to adopt proposals by its executive commission to hoost EC defence mechanisms against dumping of its imports

DANZA5

INTERNATIONAL DOOR TO DOOR REMOVALS GERMAN DRIVERS - AIR - RIDDEN REMOVAL TRUCKS

YOUR REGULAR LINK TO AND FROM EUROPE

SPECIALISTS FOR DIPLOMATIC REMOVALS

FOR DETAILED INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT

EASTERN SERVICES

OFFICIAL DANZAS AGENT IN JORDAN

AMMAN - JORDAN

IN THE NEAR EAST

"In the final analysis, France will give its approval (to a GATT deal) if the European Community accepts the commission's proposals,

Germany, Britain, Denmark and the Netherlands oppose any effort that strengthen the Community's trade defences, but some diplomats have suggested the French could win out if a 116-nation GATT deal was on the line.

# TRADED 927. CPRINE CLOS NAC VOLUME JD PRICE 2021 16 PRICE

Financial Markets

1 3 - 3 Cab

*than la*k

40.00000 000

**Jordan Times** in co-operation with Cairo Amman Bank



J.S.	Dollar	izt	International	Markets	
		_			_

Ситеосу	New York Close Inde 6/12/93	Tokyo Clesc Datr 7/12/93
Sterling Pound	1.5047	1.5015
Deutsche Mark .	1.7014	1.7028
Swiss Franc	1.4613	I.4660
French Franc	5.8415	5.8555**
Japanese Yen	107.95	107.95
European Curreny Unit	1.1340	1.1324**

Eurocurrency Interest Rates		Date: 7/12/1993			
t MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS		
3.37	3.34	3.37	3.68		
5.25	5.12	4.93	4.93		
6.25	6.00	5.62	. 5.18		
4.31	4.12	3.87	3.62		
6.69	6.38	6.00	5.56		
2.25	1.93	7.84	- 1.78		
6.62	6.38	6.00	5.69		
	1 MTH 3.37 5.25 6.25 4.31 6.69 2.25	t MTH 3 MTHS  3.37 3.34  5.25 5.12  6.25 6.00  4.31 4.12  6.69 6.38  2.25 1.93	t MTH     3 MTHS     6 MTHS       3.37     3.34     3.37       5.25     5.12     4.93       6.25     6.00     5.62       4.31     4.12     3.87       6.69     6.38     6.00       2.25     1.93     1.84		

al Bank of Jordan Exchange Rate Bulle Date: 7/12/1993

Ситерсу	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.7000	0.7020
Sterling Pound	1.0503	1.0556
Deutsche Mark	0.4107	0.4128
Swiss Franc	0.4475	0.4799
French Franc	0.1195	0.1201
Japanese Yen	0.6477	0.6509
Dutch Guilder	0.3664	0.3682
Swedish Krona	*****	****
Italian Lira	0.0416	0.0418
Betgian Franc	99944	*****

Deher Currencies	Date: 7/12/1993			
Currency	Bid	Offer		
Bebraini Dinar	1.8350	1.8610		
Lebanese Lira	0.040375	0.041325		
Saudi Riyal	0.1830	0.1883		
Kuwaiti Dinar	2.2250	2.3200		
Qatari Riyal	0.1885	0.1915		
Egyptian Pound	0.2050	0.2220		
Omani Riyat	1.7800	1.1823		

#### **LONDON EXCHANGE RATES**

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

7.3825/75

6.6988/38

\$1.4993/03

U.S. \$1.00 costs 1.7025/35 1,9077/87 1.4663/73 35.53/57 5.8525/75 1671.8/3.3 107.73/83 8.2829/29

One sterling

One ounce of gold

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

#### THE PROFESSIONALS Only ALWAYS CHOOSE The Best THE RELIABLE

PACKING, AIR FREIGHT FORWARDING, DOOR-to DOOR SERVICES AND DELIVERIES . CUSTOMS CLEARANCE, TICKETS AND, RESERVATIONS.

AMIN KAWAR & SONS TEL. 604676 604696 PO.BOX 7806

PEKING

RESTAURANT

AUTHENTIC CHINESE-CUISINE

At NeGeEsCo Bar in

SELECT HOTEL

One visit will make you

a steady, we believe!!!

Many furnished and unfurnished villas apartments for rent. Abdoun Real

Estate Tel. No. 810605/810609 Fax No. 810520

CHEN'S

CHINESE

RESTAURANT

Mecca Street, Yarmouk

Engineers' Housing

Eslale, near Kilo

Supermarket

Mongolian Barbeque for

Lunch Friday only

Tel: 818214

Come and taste out

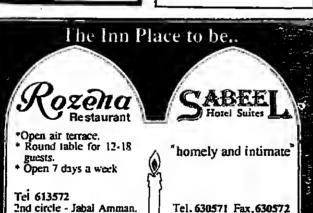
specialities

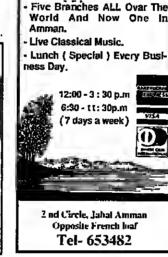
Open daily 12:00 - 3:30

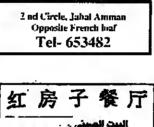
p.m. 6:30 - Midnight

Véritable Cuisine Française Live Entertainment

685746





















Amman - Tel. 668193

P.O.Box 9403 - Fax 602434 Telex 23888 DAROTL JO **Ideal Residence For Expatriates and** Businessmen

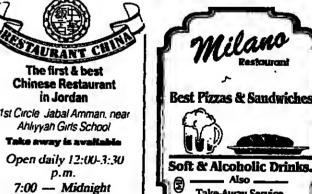


French Cuisine Lunch & Dinner 7 days a week Tel. 680093/4 Fax. 823864 Shmeisani-Near Babish Amman-Jordan

Tel. 638968









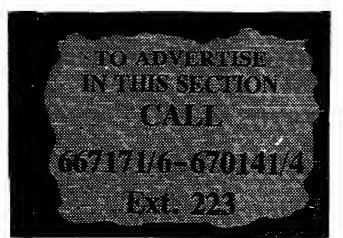




Happy Hour

At







Professional Quality in 1 Hour Service Develop your colour film at our shop and get:-

\* JUMBO photo size 30% larger \* Free enlargement 20 x 30 cm

Shmeisani - Opp. Grindlays Bank. Phone: 604042 Swefieh tel: 823891

## Transitional council takes office to end S. Africa's white rule

CAPE TOWN (R) — A multi- foreign affairs. racial Transitional Executive Council (TEC) took office in South Africa Tuesday, ending 340 years of exclusive white

Leaders of the anti-apar-theid struggle for black liberation were ecstatic as senior officials from 19 white and black groups took their posi-'tions in the old white president's council chamber by Table Bay, where the first European settlers landed in

.1652. "Our entrance here means we have disinfected this chamber of old bad odours. This means the people have taken over what is theirs." Cyril Ramaphosa, secretary-general of the African National Congress (ANC) told reporters.

Chief government nego-tiator Roelf Meyer, whose National Party invented apartheid in 1948 to entrench white power, told the opening session it was an historic day. "For the first time in the

bistory of South Africa all the peoples of this country are together in a statutory body. The TEC is the final step in the process to bring about full democracy in South Africa,"

The council comprises representatives of the reformist government of President F.W. De Klerk and a myriad of other groups which signed a democratic interim constitution last month.

It is charged with overseeing preparations for the April 27 election in which the five-toone black majority will vote for

the first time. Although the white minority government will remain in office until the eletion, the TEC will have a veto or decision-making powers over a range of departments, including those dealing with finance. defence, law and order and

LONDON (Agencies) —

Pakistan's new government must live up to its election

promises to outlaw a range of

human rights abuses, Amnesty

the custody of police, para-

military and armed forces is

endemic in Pakistan, often leading to death," the London-

based human rights organisa-

by, or with the approval of the

authorities, are rife, and some

prisoners have 'disappeared' in

custody," it said. "Members of

these forces have been allowed

to torture and kill with im-

Pakistan's Law Minister

Igbal Haider blamed the

deaths of inmates on the pre-

Minister Nawaz Sharif.

punity.

"Extrajudicial executions

tion said in a new report.

"Torture, including rape, in

International said Tuesday.

Black hands will be on the reins of power for the first

Mr. Ramaphosa and others pointed out real majority rule would not come until the election, but senior cabinet Minister Dawie De Villiers told reporters: "This is the end of minority rule."

The meeting was called to order at 10:40 a.m. (0824 GMT) in a chamber once used by the President's Council, a body created to ensure that whites could never be overruled by a parliament expanded in 1984 to include Indians and people of mixed race but

Mr. Ramaphosa said in his opening speech the white government must fully accept the days of minority rule had ended and must not be allowed to use the council purely as "a toy

telephone" advisory body.
"All of us assembled here must...exercise our functions with determination and a great deal of courage," be said.

President De Klerk has said the TEC is an advisory body concerned with levelling the playing field for the election.

He told reporters Monday: "The TEC is not going to take over the government

Neitber he nor ANC leader Nelson Mandela attended the ceremony. Mr. De Klerk is due to leave Tuesday to collect the Nobel Peace Prize awarded jointly to him and Mr. Mandefor their efforts.

The ANC and others insist the TEC must have real teeth. including exercising firm authority over actions of whiteled security forces in black townships where almost 13,000 people have been killed in factional fighting during three years of apartheid reform.

The government and the

firmly determined to uphold

human rights. I don't recall any

such incidents since we took

over," Mr. Haider said in a

telephone interview with the

Bhutto formed a new govern-

ment after winning national

tbat cover-ups among police and prison officials make it

difficult to investigate abuses.

do not keep anything on their

records which might implicate

them. This is our main prob-

lem. We need cooperation from the families of the victims

Meanwhile, Pakistan's par-

if we are to solve these cases,"

Mr. Haider said.

Mr. Haider acknowledged

"The investigating agencies

Prime Minister Benazir

Associated Press.

elections in October.

ANC have long differed on the actual powers to be exercised by the TEC.

Each seeks to reassure its supporters that it had won major concessions for the transition to democracy -- the government telling nervous whites it is still in command and the ANC assuring blacks that power is at hand.

In reality, the government already had shed much of its former draconian powers. For months it has had to defer to its black negotiating partners be-fore taking important deci-

"We have done it. We have achieved the seemingly impossible. Now for the miracle of a completely free and fair Communist Party election," chairman and former guerrilla chief Joe Slovo told the chamber.

Mr. Slovo's first wife Rutb First was assassinated in Mozambique by a parcel bomb from South Africa during the war between black and white

In the north of the country, about 30 armed white rightists occupied historic Fort Schanskop outside Pretoria in what was described as a symbolic gesture against the TEC and the end to white rule.

Black soldiers surrounded the fort, which is now a milit-

ary museum.
The TEC meeting was boycotted by the so-called Freedom Alliance of conservative whites and blacks, including the Zulu-based Inkatha Freedom Party of Chief Mangosthu Buthelezi. They walked out of demo-

cracy negotiations five months ago demanding stronger feder-alist powers for ethnic regions. IFP Indian member of parliament Farouk Cassim said the alliance was "keen, even desparate" for a negotiated

me, with the opposition accus-

ing the government of manipu-

lating a sell-out for foreign aid.

Bhutto is moving toward a

roll-back of the programme to destroy it completely," opposi-tion leader Nawaz Sbarif said,

opening the debate in the 217-

member National Assembly.
The debate, bitled by several

independent figures including

former Pakistan Atomic Ener-

gy Commission Chairman

Munir Ahmad as a reckless

exercise over a highly sensitive

issue, led to a heated exchange

The government benches

said the opposition Pakistan

Muslim League (PML) was

trying to exploit a vital national

issue for political mileage,

while the opposition

of accusations.

"Prime Minister Benazir

"We set out at the beginning for a negotiated settlement and can speak with authority when I say we want a negotiated settlement now and will take the offensive to achieve

these goals," he told Reuters.

Talks between the alliance. the government and the ANC on Monday failed to find a point of breakthrough.

Alliance leaders have threatened civil war if South Africa fails to find an all inclusive settlement and goes to elections without major politicgroupings. Meanwhile, British Over-

seas Development Minister Baroness Lynda Chalker arrived in South Africa Tuesday for a three-day visit that will include meetings with Presi-dent De Klerk and other political leaders.

A British embassy official said Baroness Chalker would meet Mr. De Klerk later Tuesday before handing over a cheque for 6.5 million rand (\$1.95 million) to the Rural Foundation for basic health care prog-

Baroness Chalker will also meet with African National Congress and Inkatha Freedom Party officials during her stay, the spokesman said.

In a separate development. African National Congrass leader Nelson Mandela arrived Tuesday in Oslo where he will receive the Nobel Peace Prize with Mr. De Klerk Friday.

Mr. Mandela, arriving from Johannesburg, was greeted at Oslo airport by a delegation beaded by Francis Sejersted, cbairman of the secretive fivemember Norwegian Nobel

Mr. Mandela and Mr. De Klerk won the prize, worth 6.7 million Swedish crowns (\$810,000), for their work to dismantle apartheid and build a non-racial democracy.

Ms. Bbutto, speaking to re-

porters outside the house, dis-

missed Mr. Sharif's allega-

tions, ruling out a roll-back of

the nuclear programme and

reiterating Pakistan's commit-

ment to regional non-prolifera-

"So long as there is a threat

to our security, the country's

peaceful nuclear programme will continue," Ms. Bhutto

said, in apparent reference to

She left it to Foreign Minis-

ter Assef Ahmad Ali to wind.

up the debate later Tuesday.

Ms. Bhutto, who leaves

Wednesday for a tour of Iran and Turkey, said Pakistan had

been isolated internationally

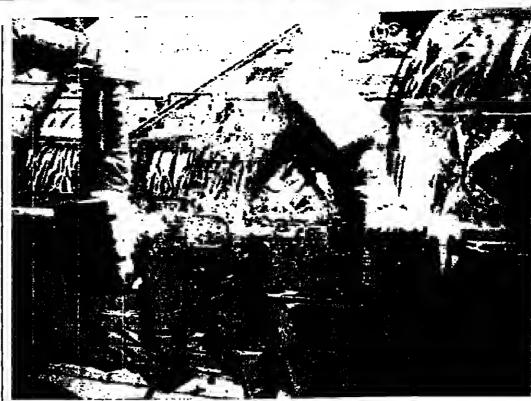
during the two-and-a-half year

rule of Mr. Sbarif, who resigned in July in the wake of a

ne nuclear capabilir

bouring India.

political crisis.



Hubble gets 'eyeglasses': The shuttle second instrument in a fourth outing that begins astronants tackled the \$3 billion Hubble space late Tuesday and stretches into Wednesday. This telescope's vision problems Tuesday, installing the overhaul is one of four scheduled over the 15-year first of two bulky scientific instruments that life of the telescope. It has included fresh gyrocontain coin-sized mirrors designed to act as scopes and new power-generating solar arrays, eyeglasses for the nearsighted observatory. The which were installed on the first two spacewalks. upgraded wide field and planetary camera is the size of a baby grand plano, but Story Musgrave and Jeff Hoffman handled it as if it were a feather everything NASA officials said they would need to in the third of at least five scheduled consecutive spacewalks in the open cargo bay of Endeavour. Standing tall in the rear of the bay, the 43.5-footlong (13-metre) telescope was set to receive the

Australia

heels on

row with

Malaysia

CANBERRA (R) - Australia

insisted Tuesday there was no-

thing more it could do to senle

a row with Malaysia which has

raised threats of trade sanc-

tions, saying it was now up to

Kuala Lumpur to improve re-

Foreign Minister Gareth Evans defended Prime Minis-

ter Paul Keating's refusal to

apologise for calling his Malay-

sian counterpart Mahathir

Mohammad a "recalcitrant", for boycotting the first summit of the Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) forum in

Seattle last month. Mr. Evans said Mr. Keating

had made every attempt to

correct any perception of an

insult but would go no further.

say that there was irresponsi-

bility or insensitivity on the

part of the prime minister in

the circumstances of the case,"
Mr. Evans told parliament in

response to an opposition

question.
"The subsequent course of

events has demonstrated a

clear willingness on the part of

the prime minister to look for-

ward rather than backwards a

very clear willingness... to

communicate the proposition

that no offence was intended."

Mr. Keating had made it clear that if offence bad been

taken by Mr. Mahathir "then it

is regretted," Mr. Evans said.

clearly than that.

said

caller.

"We can't state it any more

"We're going to go on stat-

ing it and restating it, and we

bone that it will be possible for

this situation to resolve itself in

the not too distant future." he

Public opinion also appeared

to support Mr. Keating's deci-

sion not to apologise to Mr.

Mahathir. Editorials, talk-back

radio callers and letters to the

editor Tuesday generally sup-

ported Mr. Keating's position, if not bis slip of the tongue.
"If Australia apologises

(Keating) loses face and he

loses face in the eyes of the

world," said a talk-back radio

An editorial in the Age

newspaper in Melbourne said:

"Mr. Keating has now said enough on this maner — and

done enough to placate Dr.

Mahathir - and should now

due to meet later this week to

consider downgrading rela-

Malaysia has already banned

the broadcast of Australian

Television programmes and

newspapers here said some

Australian firms are feeling a

deep regret and we just hope

very much that the situation

can be contained and ultimate-

ly be resolved," Mr. Evans

He said Australian com-

"But that is the nature and

panies may well suffer further.

hazards of business life, I

guess, and one has to contem-

plate the possibility that things

like that will occur when you

are doing business with

said of the bans.

another country."

"That is matter for very

chill in business dealings.

Mr. Malaysia's cabinet is

opt for silence."

tions with Australia.

"I don't believe it's fair to

lations.

digs in

declare the most ambitions U.S. mission in two decades a minimal success. The photo shows Astronauts Kathryn Thornton (top) and Tom Akers replacing a solar array on the Hubble space telescope (AFP photo)

#### **U.N.** accuses Serbs of shelling Sarajevo SARAJEVO (R) - The Undistance - not a large dis-

ited Nations accused Bosnian Serbs Tuesday of singling out populated areas of Sarajevo as the death toll in latest artillery attack on the hesieged city rose

One person died in hospital overnight after shells hit a makeshift black market close to one of the city's main hospitals Monday. A total of 29 people were wounded. The U.N. military spokes-

man in Sarajevo, Colonel Bill Aikman, said that while the number of shells to hit the Bosnian capital Monday was, at 93, relatively low, it was noticeable that populated areas rather than front lines were attacked.

"What is significant is where it hit." Col. Aikman told a news briefing. The main targetting was the populated areas of the city, whereas in the past few weeks and months it has been mainly along the confrontation lines.

Asked to comment on Serb denials that they had shelled Sarajevo Monday, Col. Aikman said: "It boggles the mind.

Bosnian Prime Minister Haris Silajdzic had already complained of what he called new Serh tactics in a letter to the United Nations Security Council.

"By shelling and mortaring areas where people are known to gather in large numbers, the Serbs do not need to shell heavily - they can get a lot of people with just one shell." he

Col. Aikman said the Muslim-led Bosnian army appeared to have made some ground in fighting along the front line that runs through part of central Sarajevo.

tance. We are talking about a building or two," he said. There was also house-to-house fighting in the western Sarajevo suburb of Dobrinja.

In the northwestern Bosnian enclave of Bihac, where separatist Muslim forces made significant advances over the weekend. Muslim forces loval to the government in Sarajevo the army's 5th Corps — appeared to have stopped the advance,

"The 5th Corps seems to have reacted strongly to the advance of the Abdic forces."

Col. Aikman said. Muslim-on-Muslim fighting flared in Bihac two months ago when local leader Fikret Abdic, impatient with the Bosnian government's determination to continue the war, declared autonomy from Sarajevo.

In central Bosnia, a key aid route, known hy the United Nations as "Route Diamond." was closed because of shelling around the town of Gornji Vakuf, U.N. sources said.

Some shells landed on the aid toute itself. Route Diamond is a lifeline for 1.5 million civilians in central Bosnia who depend on humanitarian aid.

British United Nations armoured vehicles in the Gornji Vakuf area came under attack on four occasions Monday, a reminder of the risks faced by peacekeeping forces in central Bosnia, where Muslims and Croats are locked in a bitter war.

U.N. sources said the attackers used weapons that were not powerful enough to disable the British Warrior armoured vehicles, but instead appeared to be part of a deadly game of harassment hy one or both of

# military deals with East

BRUSSELS (R) — NATO defence ministers meet Wednesday to discuss new military cooperation with their former foes and the threat posed by renegade states developing nuclear weapons, in preparation for an alliance summit next month.

caused by shrinking defence budgets and the demands of new missions such as peacekeeping are also on the agenda for the two-day meeting, diplomats said. But the main focus will be on

"partnership for peace." a scheme to be launched at the NATO summit on Jan. II) which will offer Eastern European nations and former Sovier republics much closer military links with the West.

hut Russia is strongly opposed to any expansion eastwards of the In-nation alliance, saying such a move would isolate it. Instead of offering membership or security guarantees to any country, 'partnership for peace" provides for joint military exercises, training and even joint missions between NATO and its old enemies in Yeltsin that the alliance poses no threat and that Moscow's fears are groundless.

Mr. Yeltsin is in Brussels to sign a cooperation agreement with the European Community and Mr. Woerner will meet him in a chateau away from the NATO meeting at ulliance headquarters. The United States is ex-

pected to push hard for NATO allics to forge a common policy and perhaps set up common defences against the threat of renegade states which might acquire nuclear or chemical weapons and the missiles to

Problems with North Korea, which the West believes is developing nuclear arms, and with Ukraine, which has refused to give up former Soviet missiles on its soil, have highlighted this new post-cold war

Washington wants the NATO summit next month to commit the alliance to developing a policy of "counterproliferation," taking a more active role in trying to prevent the spread of weapons of mass destruction.

Only 14 of the 16 NATO members attend inectings of defence ministers. France withdrew from the alliance's military structure in 1966, Iceland has no armed forces but sends an observer.

#### Clinton invites Paul McCartney to White House

WASHINGTON (R) - President Bill Clinton has invited former Beatle Paul McCartney, said to be his favourite member of the legendary quar-tet, for a White House concert sometime next year, the singer's publicist said Monday. No date has been set but negotiations have been going on since May, said Joe Dera of the New York public relations firm Dera and Associates. "I started talking to the Clinton campaign before the election, when he (Clinton) was on when he (Clinton) was on MTV and he said that the Beatles were his favourite group and Paul was his favourite Beatle," Dera said by telephone. "There's nothing set at this point... But I don't doubt the president don't doubt the president would love to have Paul McCartney bere. It would be a wonderful concert I'm sure, said Neel Lattimore, spokes-man from Hillary Clinton's office which handles social events. One of the biggest obstacles in getting McCartney to perform for the president was a series of scheduling con-flicts. Dera said, including McCartney's New World Order world tour which ends next week. "We were trying to fit it into the schedule." Dera added. "Originally we were going to it in May, but the only date they came back with that worked for them was when Paul was already out of the country and it would have cost him a million dollars (in lost was a series of scheduling conhim a million dollars (in lost concert revenue) just to come back to U.S." If McCartney does appear, it would be his first at the White House.

#### Mad scientist wins patent for 3-D TV

HOBART, Australia (R) -An Australian scientist declared insane after killing his wife and flushing parts of her body down a toilet has won-a patent for a way to see colour television in three dimensions. Rory Thompson, 57, hoped to find a manufacturer for the device he invented in the ... Hobart's Risdon Prison Hospital cell to which he had been confined since 1984, the Anstralian Associated Press reported Tuesday. Thompson's publisher said Tuesday an Australian patent had been granted to the former CSIRO Commonwealth Scientific mid Industrial Research Organisation) scientist on Nov. 18 andworldwide patents were pending. Unlike previous 3-D methods. Thompson's does not involve expensive projection technology - merely a transin-cent polarising filter screen and pair of special glasses - and can be used on television and computer screens. Thompson is awaiting a decision on an appeal against continued imprisonment. He was found not guilty of murder by reason of insanity after he admitted kill-ing his 37-year-old estranged wife in 1983.

#### \$1.8m paintings stolen from London gallery

LONDON (AFP) - Fifteen paintings worth £1.2 million (\$1.8 million), including works by Dutch old master Pieter Bruegel, have been stolen from a London art dealers, police said Monday. The paintings were taken over the weekend from the fourth floor strongroom of the Noortman Gallery on Old Bond Street in the heart of London's most expensive district, police said. The robbers are believed to have got into the gallery through a window before making a metre-wide hole in the wall of the strongroom where the paintings were stored.

#### Unique blue teddy bear fetches \$74,250

LONDON (AFP) — A unique bluc teddy bear fetched £49,500 (\$74,250) at auction the second highest price ever after a private Canadian collector "fell in love with it the moment he saw it." Christies Auction House said. The bear, made by the collector of the collector bear, made by the German firm Steiff and called Elliot, was produced around 1908 as a sample for the top London store Harrods, but his unique colour did not attract the store's buyer and he was never commercially manufactured. "Coloured bears were not thought to be as cuddly as brown bears, and we think this is why no more were made." Christie's specialist Leyla Maniera suid, "Elliot does not seem to have received much love and affection." The 13-inch (33-centimetre) high bear has boot button eyes, is stuffed with fine wood shavings and has a "typical" teddy beat ; hump. It was sent by an anonymous British vendor.

#### vious government of Prime liament began an unprethreatened to launch a public agitation campaign if the progcedented debate Tuesday on "But our government is the country's nuclear programramme was damaged.

**NEWS IN BRIEF** 

Amnesty urges Pakistan to end rights abuses

#### Ivory Coast president dies

ABIDJAN (AFP) — Ivory Coast's President Felix Houphouet-Boigny died Tuesday at 6:35 a.m. (0635 GMT), Prime Minister Alassane Ouattara announced in a broadcast statement. Reliable sources earlier said Mr. Houphouet-Boigny, 88, had died in his home town of Yamoussoukro following a long illness. The late president had a prostate operation in Paris in June. He returned to hospital in the French capital in October and then went to Geneva, before being flown home to Yamoussoukro on Nov. 19. The constitution provides for the speaker of the National Assembly, Henri Konan Bedie, to succeed the bead of state and complete bis term in office, which runs until September 1995. The legitimacy of this process, introduced by a constitutional reform in 1990, has been challenged by the opposition, bowever, as well as by some leaders of the ruling Democratic Party (PDCI). The man known as the "father of the nation" died on the very day the West African country celebrated the 33rd anniversary of the freedom be strove for, declaring unilateral independence from France in August 1960.

#### U.K., China hold Hong Kong talks

LONDON (R) - Britain and China held talks on Hong Kong Tuesday for the first time since the colony's governor decided to press ahead with democratic reforms. The joint liaison group, set up to smooth Hong Kong's return to China in 1997, opened a three-day meeting in London at which discussions will range from air service agreements to arrangements for British military bases to pass to the Chinese army. "The atmosphere is cordial and buisnesslike," a British official said as five-man delegations from both sides got down to hard talking at a time of tension between their countries. Sino-British relations, bedevilled by months of tough and nowdeadlocked constitutional talks in Beijing, took another turn for the worse last Thursday when Hong Kong's governor Chris Patten said he would send a reform bill to the colonv's legislature. British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd used uncharacteristically blunt language in parliament Monday when be said Hong Kong faced a stark choice between democracy and corruption. "The underlying question is simple. Will we bequeath to Hong Kong an open and democratic system offering the electorate a genuine choice?" he asked. "Or will we settle for a system based on small electorates open to manipulation and corruption.

#### N. Korea returns more remains to U.S.

PANMUNJOM, Korea (R) -- North Korea Tuesday returned what it said were the remains of 31 American soldiers killed in the Korean War -- a gesture of reconciliation amid mounting tensions over the North's nuclear ambitions. U.S. Colonel Forrest Chilton, secretary of the Military Armistice Commis-

sion (MAC) of the United Nations Command (UNC) stationed in South Korea, accepted the remains at a ceremony on the cold war frontier at this inter-Korean hamlet. Exactly a week ago, North Korea returned remains to the UNC, also through Panmunjom, which it said were those of 31 U.S. army and two air force personnel. After Tuesday's bandover, Col. Chilton told reporters the UNC side was negotiating the transfer of more remains. U.S. Army Chaplain Richard Pace, delivering a prayer over the remains, said they had "returned to freedom." He prayed that Korea be reunited "so that the suffering of those who died would not have been in vain.' North Korean officers opened each coffin to show Coi. Chilton the skeleton of the servicemen and other remains, including identity tags and other belongings.

#### Actor Don Ameche dead at 85

SCOTTSDALE, Arizona (AP) — Don Ameche, versatile leading man of 1930s and '40s films whose comeback in the 1980s climaxed with an Oscar as supporting actor in Cocoon, has died, a funeral home said. He was 85. Ameche died Monday, said Alona Jordan, operator for an answering service for Messinger Mortuary in Scottsdale. She quoted funeral bome owner Paul Messinger as saying Ameche died at 6 p.m. Already a radio star, Ameche made a smooth transition to films, beginning with Sins Of Man in 1936. During 12 years at 20th Century Fox, be appeared in musicals, comedies and biographical dramas, most notably The Story Of Alexander Graham Bell. When his film career faded in 1948, Ameche busied himself on Broadway in Silk Stockings and Can Can and later in touring musicals and dinner theatre. His second film career began in 1983 with Trading Places, starring Eddie Murpby and Dan Akroyd. Two years later, he appeared in Cocoon, in which be played one of a group of Florida retirees who discover a fountain of youth created by extraterrestrials. Amecbe married his childhood sweetheart, Honore Prendergast, in 1932, and they had four sons and two daughters .

#### African leaders set up 'peace fund'

CAIRO (R) African leaders met in Cairo Tuesday to launch a "peace fund" and a greater role in resolving the many conflicts plaguing their continent. "This meeting gives a special priority to discussing conflicts and severe outstanding problems in Somalia, Angola, Burundi and the current developments in South Africa," Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak said in his opening speech to the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) mini-summit. Mr. Mubarak, current bead of the OAU, called on African states and international organisations to finance the establishment of a "peace fund" to settle African conflicts. "Allow me to appeal to all brother heads of African states and officials of African organisations to boost this fund and back its resources. I also appeal to the world and international organisations to support this mechanism," Mr. Mubarak said,

#### The (Bosnian) army is seeming to move forward some the warring factions. NATO prepares summit,

Problems for NATO forces

Eastern European states had hoped to join NATO rapidly

fields such as peacekeeping. NATO Secretary-General Manfred Woerner will meet Russian President Boris Yeltsin Thursday and officials said he would try to convince Mr.

هكرا حن القيل



#### **NEWS IN BRIEF**

#### Eddie The Eagle may be back

STOCKHOLM (R) — Eddie "The Eagle" Edwards, Britain's most successful loser at the 1988 Calgary winter games, has not given up bope of ski-jumping again at the 1994 Olympics at Lillehammer. Norway. "I believe I'll participate at the Olympics despite the fact that everyone is against me. I am after all England's best ski jumper." he told the Swedish Falu Kuriren newspaper Tuesday. Edwards, currently in the Swedish ski resort of Falun to take part in a film, went bankrupt last year and was not picked for the British team at the 1992 Albertville games. Edwards performed a 15-metre jump at Falun hut decided not to attempt the resort's 70-metre jump after complaining of dizziness. The newspaper said Edwards had meanwhile set his sights on a different exploit — driving a car down ski slopes, and had already contacted Swedish manufacturers Volvo and Saab. "I guarantee that the ski jump will not be damaged." he said.

#### Wright rescues Arsenal

LONDON (R) — Ian Wright's shooting skills saved a point for Arsenal in a pulsating London derby against Tottenham at Highbury. But it was Tottenham, who have now gone nine league games without a win, who were left wondering how they had not managed to go away with all three points. After Darren Anderton had given them a deserved 25th-minute lead, Ossie Ardiles's men missed three golden chances to put the match out of reach and it was only Wright's sharpness in front of goal that masked another shaky defensive performance by the Gunners. Arsenal goalkeeper David Seaman set up the equaliser with a long kick in the 64th minute. The ball was flicked on and the recalled Anders Limpar chipped he hall into the middle where Wright found a precious yard of space to volley past Thorstvedt for h is 18th goal of the season and bis 75th in 106 appearances for Arsenal. Arsenal have registered only three wins in their last 10 league games and their challenge to champions and league leaders Manchester United is floundering on a home record which shows just five goals in their last six matches.

#### Ajax go back to the top

THE HAGUE (AFP) — Ajax went hack to the top of the Dutch League here Monday after thrashing Heerenveen 4-1. The away win took them to 28 points, equal with Feyenoord, hut Ajax have a huge advantage on goal difference, having scored 44 goals and conceded just eight in 15 league matches. Finn Jari Litmanen opened the scoring in the 20th minute and fellow midfielder Clarence Seedorf made it two on the stroke of half time after Pieter Keur had equalised in the 38th minute. Ajax's win was sealed by second-half goals from international winger Marc Overmars and Ronald De Boer.

#### China plays Olympic waiting game

LAUSANNE, Switzerland (AFP) — Beijing continued to play a waiting game over whether to enter the race to stage the 2004 Olympics here Monday. China's International Olympic Committee (10C) member Zhenliang He revealed that a final decision could depend on whether another Third World candidate made a bid. He said: "At the moment, we are still thinking about its but we cannot expressed anything until we thinking about it, but we cannot announce anything until we know the other candidates. He added: "Beijing will act in the interests of the Olympic Movement and that could mean supporting a bid from another Third World country." Beijing lost out to Sydney in the race to stage the 2000 Olympics.

#### Fiesta turns sour

MONTEVIDEO (AFP). Three people were wounded by gunfire when Penarol fans celebrated their club's Uruguayan championship, police said Monday. Police detained 37 fans after the party got out of band and shops were looted. Penarol made sure of the title by drawing 1-1 with Cerro in front of 60,000 fans at their Estadio Centenario while their closest rivals Defensor Sporting lost 2-0 at Danuhio to finish two

#### Oberer gets Swiss top job

GENEVA, Switzerland (AFP) - Stepbane Oberer was named coach and captain of the Swiss tennis team here by the Swiss Tennis Association. Oberer replaces Frenchman Georges Deniau, who was sacked as coach following an

internal row after the Swiss reached the Davis Cup final last year. Oberer's candidacy was backed by top Swiss trio Marc Rosset — who is already coached by Oherer — Jakob Hlasek and Claudio Mezzzadri.

#### Macedonia get green light to join FIFA

ZURICH (R) - Macedonia, the former Yugoslav republic, are expected to gain provisional membership of FIFA next week after receiving initial clearance by officials of soccer's governing body Monday. FIFA legal executive Michel Zen-Ruffinen said: "Macedonia will be recommended for provisional membership to the executive committee in Las Vegas next week. "I have just returned from Macedonia. I can confirm our file is complete." Formal ratification is expected ov FiFA's congress in Chicago next June. Mr. Zen-Ruffinen said the team would be known as "Macedonia, the former Republic of Yugoslavia," in line with United Nations rulings. Macedonia are expected to be joined by former Soviet republics Uzbekistan, Kazakhstan, Kyrgystan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, all of which were recommended for membership hy a FIFA delegation in November.

#### Canadian gets gold after all

LAUSANNE, Switzerland (AFP) — Canadian synchronised swimmer Sylvie Frechette was awarded the Barcelona Olympics gold medal here Monday — over a year late — after organisers admitted she was cheated by a computer error. Frechette was beaten into silver in the solo event by American Kristen Bahb-Sprague in the 1992 games hut the International Olympic Committee (IOC) reversed the decision after an appeal by the International Swimming Federation (FINA). A judge's slip-up while using the computer marking system led to the mix-up, which was brought to light hy Canada's sporting authorities, who persuaded FINA to challenge the result. Bahb-Sprague, however, will be allowed to keep her gold medal. The silver will not awarded.

#### Italy pole vaulter fails dope test

ROME (R) - Italian pole vaulter Alherto Giacchetto was suspended after testing positive for the steroid metandiemone, the Italian Athletics Federation (FIDAL) said. FIDAL said in a statement that Giacchetto first tested positive for the steroid on Dec. 1 and another test Monday confirmed traces of the substance. Giacchetto was suspended pending a hearing of FIDAL's disciplinary commission and faces a four-year ban. Italian 100 metres hurdler Giannina Re also faces a smiliar han after failing to turn up for a dope test called at short notice earlier this week.

#### Maddock quits Manchester City

MANCHESTER, England (AFP) — The hattle for the control of Manchester City took a new twist here Tuesday as general manager John Maddock quit after just three months.

Maddock resigned just a week after the man who appointed him, ex-Chairman Peter Swales, also stood down. A former journalist, Maddock upset City fans by sacking manager Peter Reid only four weeks into the new campaign, to be replaced by Brian Horton. Swales, who bore the brunt of the supporters' anger for the cluh's failings, remains on the cluh board. A campaign has been launched for former England and City favourite Francis Lee, now a successful husinessman, to take over the club.

#### Daughter cools Cox's anger

MIAMI, Florida (AFP) — A daughter's tears soothed the savage beast. Bryan Cox's nine-year-old daughter accomplished something the toughest American football players officials could not. She tamed the temper of the Miami linehacker. "Kids ask my daughter," why is your dad always fighting? Why is be always arguing?" Cox said. "She was almost in tears Sunday talking to her. It's difficult to put that on your kid. I need to keep a cooler head." Cox offered a heckling fan \$10,000 for a fight and threatened an official in the final moments of a 19-14 loss Sunday to the New York including a \$10,000 fine for making obscene gestures to fans in Buffalo. But Cox vowed Monday to calm his angry ways after speaking with his wife and young daughter. "I have been an embarrassment to myself and my family and my team and I understand that a little bit better." Cox said. "Those are the reasons I need to sit hack and take a look at this."

## coach wary of Norwich

Inter

MILAN, Italy (R) — Internazionale coach Osvaldo Bagnoli is not taking victory for granted when his team bost Norwich City of England in their UEFA Cup third round, second leg match Wednesday.

Even though Inter take a 1-0 lead into the game following Dennis Bergkamp's winner from the penalty spot in the first leg two weeks ago, Bagnoli knows just how dangerous Norwich can be away from home when their counterattacking game is at its most

effective.

Bagnoli conceded Tuesday: The game is wide open and our advantage doesn't leave me feeling all that confident. I'm glad, however, that we'll have Angelo Orlando and Davide Fontolan back in the

But Inter will be without injured midfielders, Dutchman Wim Jonk and Antonio Manicone, as well as striker "Toto" Schillaci. However, Bagnoli can still

field a strong side with Francesco Dell'Anno, Russian Igor Shalimov and Orlando and Fontolan in midfield, supporting the attacking partnership of Uruguyan Ruben Sosa and

Bergkamp.
Compared to Inter, who bave been playing in Europe for 3g years, Norwich are mere apprentices having made thier European debut this season.

But they bave already claimed the impressive scalp of Bayern Mnnich who they knocked out in the last round clinching the tie with a decisive win away from home in the first leg.

In contrast to their home form, which has been patchy, Norwich have only lost twice away from bome in 14 matches this season.

An indication of their success away from bome is their scoring record. - 24 on their travels.

But manager Mike Walker has a buge battle on his hands to come away with a win from Inter's impressive San Siro Sta-

dium. Norwich were outplayed for long periods by Inter in the first leg and their task has been made even harder because three key players — midfielder lan Crook, sweeper lan Culverbouse and captain Ian Butterworth — are all suspended.

But John Polston, another key defender, appears to have recovered from an ankle injury and a beavy cold and should

## JORDAN BASKETBALL ROUNDUP

By Aleen Bannayan

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN - Eight participating teams Wednesday clash in the second round of the first division hasketball championship-the premier hasketball competition of the country - which will conclude the 1993 season after the Jordan Basketball Federation lately de-cided to cancel the under-22

tournament. Al Jazireh, who week secured third place after a hardfought 54-53 win over Al Jalil, will meet former titleholders Al Orthodoxi at the Sports Palace in Amman

Despite their 81-67 win over Al Watani earlier in the week. Al Jazireh had a hard time overcoming the usual third-placed Al Jalil. However the relief of securing third place behind the kingdom's top-two is sure to give them a hig hoost towards reiterating their topthree ranking and scoring hig wins in their upcoming matches. However, they are now in

second place as Al Orthodoxi have a postponed match.

Al Ahli, who have so far scored 127-35 and 100-18 wins

over Al Ashrafieh and Al Wifag, will have no difficulty overcoming current fifth-placed Al Watani. Al Ahli have scored their

their younger players as the experienced veterans have been given a rest mainly due to injury and exhaustion.

latest convincing wins through

In another match fourthplaced Al Jalil will seek to

score a big win over newcomers Al Ashranich who have so far only begin Al Wifaq and lately lost 67 mg to Al Watani.

Al Husselli, who this week lost 89-71 to Al Orthodoxi and 84-58 to Al Ialil, are expected to easily over some the other

to casily oppose the other newcomers, Al Wifaq, in their match at Al Hassan Sports City in Irbid.

The chaptinonship is due to completed in Dec. 29 when the Al Ahli and Al Orthodoxi clash for the title in the muchawaited game.

#### STANDING

Team	P	w	L	SF	SA	Pts
Ahli	9	9	_	895	386	18
Jazireh	9	7	2	728	363	16
Orthodoxi	8	7	1	764	523	15
Jalil	9	5	4	724	576	14
Watani ·	9	4	5	601	660	13
Hussein	9	2 .	7	631	714	11
Ashrafieh	9	1	. 8	431	863	10
Wifaq	7	_	7	299	633	7

## Galatasaray face big freeze in Moscow

LONDON (R) — Turkish giantkillers Galatasaray will have to overcome sub-zero temperatures when they tackle Spartak Moscow Wednesday if they are to maintain their

European Cup dream.
The Turkish champions who knocked out Manchester United and held Barcelona to a draw in the first match of the Champions League, have already bad a taste of the bitter

Russian winter. Their flight from Istanhul was delayed for three bours on Monday because of heavy snow in Moscow, but the Russian champions promise their undersoil heating will ensure the pitch is not snowbound or frozen.

Weather conditions are likely to favour the home side, with Moscow in the grip of a particularly cold winter in which temperatures have regularly hovered around minns 15 Celsius.

Galatasaray are aiming for a point to maintain their hopes of a semifinal berth as one of the top two in Group A, but Spartak, determined to make up for their 4-1 humiliation in Monaco in their opening game, have been on an eight-day

training camp in Croatia.
"We hope that defeat will spur them to restore their reputation," Spartak team manager Nikolai Starostin told Reuters. "We can shake off that loss with a good result against Galatasaray and the players know that.

Starostin said trainer Oleg Romantsev had a squad of 18 fit players to choose from, but question marks hung over cen-tre-back Andrei Pyatnitsky and playmaker Fyodor Cherenkov, who have just recovered from mjury.

Galatasaray's German trainer Rainer Hollmann said: "We must get at least one point if we want to qualify for the

Captain Tugay Kerimoglu said: "Our aim is to return with two points. But one point will not be bad for us.'

The Turks, who will be without suspended Swiss interna-tional striker Kubilay Turkyilmaz and injured German defender Falco Goetz, expect about 4,000 supporters, including Turkish workers in Russia.

Sporting Lisbon coach Bobby Robson also bas concerns about winter conditions and bas given his players special boots for playing on snow and ice to cope with freezing conditions in Austria against Salz-burg in Tuesday's UEFA Cup third round tie.

It's fundamental to play with these boots. We would be in a very serious position if we went there with normal ones," the former England manager said. Monaco, who travel to Barcelona in the other Champions League Group A game, are setting their sights firmly on the European Cup after slip-ping further out of the battle for the French League.

Defeat Friday left them eight points behind leaders Paris St. Germain and made trainer Arsene Wenger more determined to chase European

"Now that the title is out of reach, the players will give it. all they have on the European-Front," he said.

"We needed a tough game to get ready to face Barcelona and we bad it," said Wenger, whose team lost to a last-minute goal against Toulouse. "We believe in our chances.

and our goal is to reach the semifinals. In the only Group B match

Wednesday, bottom pair Wer-der Bremen and Anderlecht clash in a game neither side can really afford to lose. Werder, 3-2 losers at FC

Porto in their opening Champions League game, have been lifted by last weekend's 1-0 defeat of former German League. leaders Eintracht

#### IT IS NOT THE HOURS YOU PUT IN!

It is what you put in the hours! "We put a lot in our designs."

INALA

## Amra Hotel - Amman.

#### FOR RENT

Furnished apartment: two bedrooms, kitchen, guest room, living toom, bathroom, balcony, central heating, solar heater, T.V., tel. Location: Tia' Al Ali near Mecca Street. Opposite the

Please contact Tel. 815239

#### TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

Female teacher is ready to give private lessons in English and other subjects for the 1st, 2nd and 3rd grade.



If interested, please call: 828585

#### Al Dalai Establishment Offers the largest and widest assortment of perfumes

and embroidery. There is no need to look for the best and most competitive prices in Jordan.

Our address: Al Dalai Establishment, **Forte Grand Hotel** 

The German Speaking Ladies CHRISTMAS BAZAAR supported by

Lufthansa will be on Friday 10th Dec. 1993 from 11:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

at the Amman Marriott Hotel.

Entry tee 1 JD. Children free



#### ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

**GOREN BRIDGE** 

WITH OMAR SHARE & TANNAH HERSCH

Q.1—East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: aK1065 \( \times 6 \) \( \times 66 \) 4J76432

The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West \( 3 \) \( \times 100 \) \( 7 \)
What action do you take?

A.—It's dollars to donuts that the opponents can make a slam in hearts or diamonds, so it is simply a matter of what you can do to deter them from bidding it. A jump to five spades is a red cape that surely will spur them to such heights. The choice lies between pass, in the hope they don't get there under their own steam, and four spades to make them think you have some cards. We prefer the latter.

card major. That is not necessary when partner has opened in a ma-jor, especially when we are short in that suit. Pass.

1)

Q.3—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:

\$\frac{1}{2}\text{Q85} \ \text{VAK6} \ \times 74 \ \frac{1}{2}\text{Q10954} \\
The bidding has proceeded. ±Q95 ∇AK6 .774 ±Q10954
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South Weet
1 ♥ Pass 2 ★ Pass
2 ♥ Pass ?
What do you bid now?
A:—You have excellent support for partner's first suit, but that doesn't mean that you should drive to game by jumping to three hearts.
The are and king of hearts have already been taken into account for your two-over-one response, so all

you two-over-one response, so all you can do now is take a preference

Q.4-Neither vulnerable, as South AAKJ65 VAKJ5 07 4K92
The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 2 Pass 2 NT Pass

What do you bid now?

A.—Probability of slam is high—if a fit can be located. Otherwise, game might be all that's in the cards. The first step should be a bid of three hearts. That will uncover a four-card heart fit or three-card sends surport with pretture. spade support with partner.

Q.5—Both vulnerable, as South you hold: 4Q76 VAKS ≎A5 4AQ884 The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 Pass 1 Pass
2 NT Pass 3 Pass

What action do you take?

A.—Partner's bid is not an ettampt to play in a partacore—it's forcing and North could have quite a good hand for this sequence. In support of spades you could hardly have a better hand—three good trumps, prime cards and a ruffing value. Show that with an advance cus-bid of four diamonds.

Q.6—Both vulnerable, as South you hold: <u>\$64</u> \times \tim The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West

1 Pess 1 Pess

2 Pass ? What action do you take?

A.—Partner's jump shift is a game force, so you must do something. However, you don't want to sometime, age partner in any way and a preference to three clubs is much too forward-going. Slam on the brakes by hidding two no trump.

## Russia's national soccer coach rejects call to quit

MOSCOW (Agencies) — The coach of Russia's national soccer team accused his predecessor Monday of masterminding a letter demanding his ouster

and signed by 14 players.

"Most of the players signed the letter, believing it mainly contained financial demands and were unaware of the fact it also demanded the replacement of the coach," Pavel Sadyrin told the Associated

The letter was handed last week to Shamil Tarpishchev, President Boris Yeltsin's adviser on sports issues.

The letter from the players, most of whom were playing for European clubs, said they were dissatisfied with Sadyrin's training methods and wouldn't play under his command. It demanded that be be replaced by Anatoly Byshovets, the national team's former coach

who was fired in 1992.

Tarpishchev has asked the
Russian Football Federation to take measures to settle the conflict and not to let it harm the Russian team's World Cup "The most important thing is

that our team should demonstrate a worthy performance at the World Championship, and it's necessary to create a normal psycbological climate for that purpose," Tarpisbebev

Sadyrin, 51, became the national team coach last year

after Byshovets lost the job following Russia's poor per-formance in the 1992 European Championship.

Sadyrin blamed Byshovets for masterminding the letter. "This letter is reminiscent of our past, when people were writing letters to the Communist Party's Central Committee and the party leaders were making decisions for federa-

in said. He said some players who signed the letter called him and had disavowed its contents, saying they didn't know it targeted him.

"It hurts me to feel that the

tions and sports teams," Sadyr-

players, who have assured me they would be happy to for the uational team, signed such a letter, hut I realise they have been just used," Sadyrin said.

"Sergei Kiryakov, who plays for Karlsruhe in Germany, called my office saying he signed a hlank sheet of paper unaware of the letter's exact content." Kiryakov, who plays for Karlsrube in Germany, ac-cused Sadyrin of criticising his players unfairly and failing to take responsibility when the

team performed poorly. "In my opinion Sadyrin doesn't think about the game, as such, at all. We spend our training sessions on some sort of nonsense, and planning for the match takes five minutes, at most. What kind of tactics is

## T 0 D

Tel: 634144 Cinema **PHILADELPHIA** 

> Harrison Ford - in **PATRIOT GAMES** Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

CONCORD "1" Clint Eastwood — in IN THE LINE OF FIRE Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

For Ever Young

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

CONCORD

Tel.: 677420

CONCORD '2'

Tel.: 699238 PLAZA

**MADONNA** IN

**BODY OF EVIDENCE** 

Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 5, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

Nabil Al Mashini Theatre

presents a play entitled: Al Ilm Nuron

A popular political comedy Actors: Abeer Issa, Daoud Jalajel, Hassan Al Shaer, Fuad Shomali In addition to other comedians Every night at 8:15 Nokets are sold all day

Tel.: 675571

Nabil & Hisham's Tel.: 625155 AHLAN THEATRE

The political comedy Heliobe arar summit Daily 8:35 p.m.

The theatre closes Saturday and Sunday English synopals available

( علدًا صد الأصل

#### **NEWS IN BRIEF**

#### Mideast steering group to meet in Tokyo

TOKYO (AFP) - A panel tasked with coordinating five issues under negotiation in the Middle East peace process will meet in Tokyo on Dec. 15 and 16, the Japanese Foreign Ministry announced Tnesday. The meeting, the fourth of the internation al steering group, will take place only two days after the Israel-Palestinian autonomy accord is scheduled to be introduced. The group, under the co-chairmanship of Russia and the United States, gathers representatives from the European Community (EC), Canada, Egypt, Israel, Japan, Jordan, the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), Saudi Arabia and

#### Right-wing federation formed in Israel

TEL AVIV (AFP) — Israeli right-wing groups formed an association Monday with the initial aim of stopping the association Monday with the initial aim of stopping the government issuing guns to the Palestiman police force due to take over in the Gaza Strip and Jericho once Israeli troops start withdrawing on Dec. 13, a founder said. Hillel Weiss said the association, Tikva, intended to set up 25 centres across Israel to recruit volunteers for a private police force to be called Hashomer (the guardian), to protect some 115,000 Israeli settlers in the occupied territories. The first of them will be set up in Tel Aviv, with the initial aim of finding 50 recruits. Army Reserve General Amatzia Hen will head a publicity drive, Mr. Weiss said.

#### Second ship since war docks at Iraq

NICOSIA (AP) - A Greek cargo ship loaded with rice docked at an Iraqi port Thursday, the second vessel to do so since the Gulf war, the Iraqi News Agency reported. The news agency reported that the Kafo Priamits docked in Umm Qasr port Tuesday morning and was immediately unloaded. The shipment did not violate the U.N. embargo imposed after Iraq's Aug. 2, 1990, invasion of Kuwait, which bans all imports except food and other humanitarian supplies. Western navies enforcing the embargo had intercepted 18,740 ships, boarded 796 and turned away 430 through Nov. 21, according to U.S. Navy records. On Nov. 26, the Cypriot-flagged Tephys unloaded sugar at Umm Qasr after the U.S. Navy allowed it passage through the gulf.

#### Libyan scientist claims nuclear fusion success

TRIPOLI (AFP) - Libyan scientist Al Hashemi Al Abyad has claimed here that he has discovered a revolutionary technique to generate energy by nuclear fusion which could replace the current nuclear fission method. Mr. Abyad, a university professor working with the Libyan Centre for Nuclear Research, said he had "found a solution to the problem of producing energy by nuclear fusion from hydrogen isotopes." He said his discovery would solve the problem of how to build a reactor fuelled by deuterium, a component of heavy water readily available in seawater. Since 1958, scientists across the world have been working on a method to generate energy by fusing two hydrogen isotopes, deuterium and tritium, but so far experiments have used more energy to achieve the fusion than the fusion generates. The advantage of fusion would be that it would not create the radioactive waste which results from nuclear fission.

#### 7 Iranians killed in heavy snow storm

TEHRAN (R) — Seven people stranded in snowbound mountain roads in northwest Iran have died of cold, a newspaper: reported Monday: Hamshahri newspaper quoted an official in Ardabil, 400 kilometres northwest of Tehran, as saying road workers managed to rescue the rest of the passengers of some 200 cars which were stuck in a severe snow

#### **Prominent Shi'ite cleric hospitalised**

NICOSIA (AP) — Grand Ayatollah Mohammad Reza Golpaygani, one of Shi'ite Islam's key spiritual leaders, was in critical condition at a Tehran hospital Tuesday after suffering a heart failure, media reports said. Ayatollah Golpaygani was rushed to Tehran Monday night from the Shi'ite religious centre in the holy city of Qom, 130 kilometres south of the capital, according to Iran's official news agency (IRNA). Ayatollah Golpaygani is one of a handful of Shi'ite clerics of his generation to have achieved the venerated title of grand ayatollah. IRNA said he was one of the founders of the Qom theological seminaries complex 70 years ago, along with the grand ayatollah sheikh Abdolkarim Haeri Yazdi. The Qom complex is the most prestigious theological seminary for the world's 200 million Shi'ites.

#### Dalai Lama to visit Israel

TEL AVIV (AFP) — The exiled spiritual Tibetan leader will attend the 40th anniversary celebrations of Israel's society for the protection of nature at the Red Sea resort of Eilat beteen March 20-24, the organisers said Tuesday. The Dalai Lama will deliver a lecture on "ethics, ideology and environmental organisations" at an international environment conference.

#### Iranian embassy reopens in London

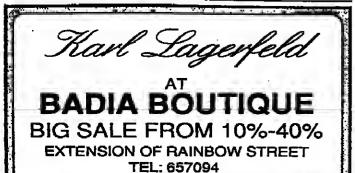
LONDON (AFP) — Iran reopened its embassy in London Monday - four years after Iranian religious leaders condemned British author Salman Rushdie to death - but with no immediate signs that the two countries would exchange ambassadors, the Foreign Office said. Iran severed diplomatic relations with Britain in 1980 after London refused to denounce Mr. Rushdie's book "The Satanic Verses." Reduced diplomatic relations were restored 19 months later, in September 1990, but remain at charge d'affaires level - one level below ambassadorial representation.

#### Swiss tighten controls on Kurdish groups

BERN (AP) - Switzerland said Monday it will tighten controls on Kurdish groups suspected of staging spectacular attacks in Europe to highlight their drive for autonomy from Turkey. Swiss Justice Minister Arnold Koller said the government did not ban the Kurdish Workers Party (PKK) because this could drive the group underground and bamper surveillance. Germany last month banned more than 30 groups suspected of fles to the PKK.

#### Pollard clemency opposed by Clinton advisers

NEW YORK (R) - Advisers to President Bill Clinton have recommended that he reject a perition for clemency by convicted U.S. spy Jonathan Pollard, the New York Times reported in its Tuesday edinons. Mr. Pollard was convicted of spying for Israel in 1987 and sentenced to life in prison. A U.S. official quoted by the newspaper said Mr. Clinton may decide on the Pollard pardon by the end of the week, but other officials told the newspaper it was unlikely the president would shorten Mr. Pollard's sentence despite lobbying by U.S. supporters and a personal plea by Israeli Prime Minister



# Self-rule or not, intifada far from over

Agence France Presse

GAZA CITY, occupied Gaza Strip - Palestinians and Israelis are hoping Thursday's sixth anniversary of the intifada will be the last, leaving the uprising to burn out and autonomy to rise from the ashes.

However, there will be no celebrations, only a total strike throughout the occupied territories to mark the day the revolt was born here at Jabalia refugee camp in December 1987.

The fate of the intifada lies in the dangerous days before the end of the year as Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) seek to implement their autonomy agreement.

"The sixth anniversary will be the last," Samy Abu Samhadana, director of the PLO's Gaza Office, boldly pre-

"The autonomy agreement is a victory for the intifada. "It's not the total victory that we are looking for but it's enough of a beginning towards our aim of establishing a state. "As a people we have had to struggle to establish our rights

and without the infifada there would be no agreement, or at least not for many years."
However, PLO Chairman

Yasser Arafat has not called off the popular revolt.
"The intifada is against the occupation," Mr. Abu Samha-

By P.V. Vivekanand

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The United Na-

tions plans to increase its

allocations for the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip by

55 per cent to \$388 million during 1994 as immediate support for Palestinian autonomy, according to a U.N. document.

The document, entitled "Supporting the Transition:

An Immediate Response of the

U.N. to the Interim Period in

the West Bank and Gaza

Strip," envisages allocations of

\$250 million to support

ongoing welfare and services

projects for the West Bank and

an additional \$138 million for

infrastructure development

cess will require a rapid im-

provment of the health and

education services provided to

Palestinians as well as a major

initiative to create employment

raise the average level of fami-

ly incomes," said the 17-page document, made available to

the Jordan Times by the Eco-

oomic and Social Commission

for Western Asia (ESCWA). According to ESCWA offi-

cials, the programme, funds for which will come from the

U.N. budget, was drawn np

upon the recommendations

and agencies now operating in

the occupied territories as well

as projections drawn up by ESCWA based on research

The allocations mean in-

creased services of the three

main U.N. organisatious pre-

sent in the occupied territories

Programme (UNDP), the United Nations Children's Fund

(UNICEF) and the United Na-

tions Relief and Works Agency

(UNRWA) - under a coordi-

nator appointed by the U.N.

Other U.N. agencies, such as the Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO), the

World Food Programme

(WFP), the World Health

Organisation (WHO), Habi-

tat, the U.N. Environment

Programme, the International

Labour Organisation, and the United Nations Educational,

General Secretariat.

- the U.N. Development

and field studies.

"Supporting the peace pro-

and expanded services.



(AFP photo)

ment, Hamas, perform martial arts during a

Going on would mean more

For Israel, 1993, the so-cal-

led year of peace, saw an

alarming increase in the num-

U.N. to increase spending

in occupied lands by 55%

Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO), will coor-

dinate their programmes close-

on setting up and improvement

of infrastructure, raising local

administrative skills and

strengthening the economic

base of the two million Palesti-

nians living in the occupied

UNICEF projects cover community-level structures,

with particular focus on "dis-

advantaged groups in areas such primary health cars, basic

education, physiotherapy and psychological trauma."

which offers health, education

and social services to Palesti-

nian refugees living in the occupied territories as well as

The projects envisaged

under the overall U.N. prog-

ramme for the West Bank and

Gaza and implemented by the

various agencies of the world

body include upgrading of in-

frastructure, water networks,

environmental sanitation,

loans for income-generating

ventures, transport and com-

munications, educational im-

provements, schools, health

centres, public management

advisory services, rehabilita-

tion, child development cen-

tres, women's programmes,

youth activities, and improving

Present plans call for addi-

tional allocations of \$53 million

for the Gaza Strip and \$52 million for the West Bank in

distinct separate projects and

\$33 million for projects com-

mon for both territories.

According to the U.N., the

world body's pre-autonomy accord budget (\$250 million)

for the occupied territories

accounted for about one third

of all public expenditure in the

West Bank and half in the

An overview of the pro-jected allocation showed that:

infrastructure: \$47.6 million

for ongoing projects and

\$56.44 million for new activi-

- Education: \$72 million

- Economic and physical

Gaza Strip.

agriculture and industry.

Jordan, Syria and Lebanon.

UNRWA is the main agency

UNDP programmes focus

ly with the three agencies.

death, injury and destruction on both sides.

intifada."

ber of victims.

dana explained. "When there is no more occupation there Palestinians killed 53 Jews by this week compared with 22 will be no more intifada. There will be no reason to go on. in 1982, which was already the most murderous intifada year However, his optimism is loaded with a blunt warning. for Israel. The total for six years has risen to 186 Israelis. "If the occupation does not Israeli bullets accounted for end we will go on with the 176 Palestinian lives, which

> by AFP to 1.148. More than 120 Palestinians fell on the Gaza Strip this year, the Gaza Centre for Rights and Law recorded.

pushed a six-year toll compiled

Another 4,756 Palestinians from Gaza were wounded by

for ongoing projects and \$40.85 million for new activi-

- Health: \$57.4 million for

ongoing projects and \$6.2 mil-

- Public management and

training: \$12.4 million for

ongoing projects and \$6.15

lion for ongoing projects and \$10 million for new prog-

- Social services: \$38.4 mil-

Agriculture and industry:

Emergency activites as part

of ongoing projects are allo-cated \$17 million and now new

allocations have been made in

In general, the U.N. prog-

ramme fall in line with the over

whelming international expert

opinion that the success of the

autonomy agreement, and, by

extension, the entire Middle

East peace process hinges

largely on the use of funds to

improve the living standards of

the people under occupation.

Since the signing of the declaration of principles hy

Israel and the Palestine Libera-

tion Organisation (PLO) on

Sept. 13, 1993, all parties have

emphasised that during the

first year of the interim period

it will be vital that Palestinians

in the West Bank and Gaza

Strip have a sense of a new

opportunity." said the U.N.

will be whether Palestinians

see a demonstrable and rapid

improvement in the quality of

The document conceded

"An essential factor in this

document.

thus respect.

\$3.2 million for ongoing projects and \$15.6 million for new

million for new activities;

lion for new activities;

live, rubber and plastic-coated bullets by Dec. 1. Most were teenagers hit by live bullets. Raji Surani, a lawyer and director of the centre, weighs the evidence collated and fears he will still be compiling the terrible statistics of the uprising at next year's seventh

anniversary.
"One thing has not changed since the agreement: The systematic degradation of human rights by the Israelis.

"The killings, the injuries, the closures, the curfews, the

molitions, the massive military attacks...

"People were living under the illusion that things would improve, the illusion has now

That happened at the end of November as the army stepped up a hunt for wanted Palestinians, arresting and killing those who had obeyed Mr. Arafat's orders to halt armed

operations. On the ground in Gaza at least the PLO sent activists back ont on the streets amid scenes of widespread unrest reminiscent of the early days of

the uprising.
The West Bank has remained largely quier while in Gaza dozens were wounded and several killed before the army and the PLO made an unprecedented deal. Troops pulled back and the confronta-tions died down.

However, Haidar Abdul Shafi, head of the Palestinian delegation to the bilateral Middle East peace talks, warned: "The intifada is far from dead.

"It can erupt at any time. The reasons why the intifada started still exist and it will go on for as long as there is a reason for it.

For Mr. Surani, "Gaza will be the test case.

The intifada first flared, has burned most fiercely and will no doubt be extinguished or rekindled again in the Gaza

## Beedh says he is still committed to unity

DUBAI (Agencies) — Yemeni Vice President Ali Salem Al Beedh, locked in a political battle with the country's president that threatens to split Yemen again, says his party is committed to unity.
The United Arab Emirates

(UAE) newspaper Al Khaleej on Tuesday quoted Mr. Beedh as saying his Yemen Socialist Party (YSP) has not decided on an alternative to the unified Yemen.

"The party works on the basis of preventing separatism but at the same time it rejects annexation." Mr. Beedh said.

"When we went to Sanaa (after the merger in 1990) we fell into the grip of the Yemen Arah Republic." he said.

Mr. Beedh was ruler of South Yemen when it merged with the North, led then hy Ali Abdullah Saleh who is now the unified country's president. Their political standoff threatens to pull the country apart again.

The two leaders have been trying to iron out differences since July, when Mr. Beedh retired to the southern YSP stronghold in Aden, refusing to attend his duties and boycotting his own swearing in in the

capital Sanaa. I consider the so-called self-imposed exile is an attempt to keep away from direct confrontation." the newspaper quoted Mr. Beedh as saying.
"Yemen doesn't have a
Mahdi or Aidced." he said. referring to the warlords of Somalia's feuding factions.

A southern YSP member

was quoted last week as saying that his party was ready for a federation. Northern members of Mr. Saleh's General People's Congress (GPC) say this is unacceptable. In his Al Khaleej interview.

Mr. Beedh also proposed that both he and President Saleh resign to end the political

"Only one move is left for us, which is that I and Saleh quit instead of fighting and quarrelling." he told Al Khaleej.

"This is my last proposal and I am proposing it seriously. We have to quit and not allow us to reach a deadlock and destroy the nation." the vice president warned.

He has issued a list of demands to resolve the crisis. including decentralising the government, measures to stablise Yemen and withdrawal of army units from main cities. Mr. Saleh said be accepted the demands.

But Mr. Beedh, in the first part of the interview that was published on Tuesday, was sceptical. "He agreed in a way which does not make us confident that the agreemenr is

Syria was also expected to

nian McCurry confirmed that Washington had cleared the way for Syria, which is subject to U.S. sanctions as an alleged sponsor of world "terrorism." to receive three ageing Boeing 727 passenger jets donated by

Without lifting the sanctions. Washington permitted the transfer of the 20-year-old U.S.-build planes because "the United States felt... the jets could not significantly enhance Svria's military or terrorism potential." Mr. McCurry said. The planes, to help Syria's tourist industry, will replace older aircraft used by Syrian

Arah Airlines, he said.

#### Moves under way for summit (Continued from page 1)

settlers while he does not

seem to be able to do much ahout violence against The PLO leader was also

expected to meet with Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres in Granada, where the two will he attending a United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) gathering for Israeli and Palesnnian intellectuals

"A meeting between Mr. Arafat and Mr. Peres will help but an Israeli-Palestinian summit is crucial to salvage the (peace) process." the official said.

The Israelis have suggested a two to three weeks delay citing Palestinian unpreparedness and the vagueness of provisions of the accord.

The Palestinian officials said that the delay could be inevitable if Israel insisted. "It takes the two sides" approval to implement the accord." the Tunis based official noted.

Mr. Arafat has insisted on the Dec. 13 deadline partly because he cannot afford to accept a postponement and partly to pressure Israel to address some of the disputed points.

Officials said that control over the crossing points remains a key issue. Egypt has said that it supported Palestinian control

over crossing points between Egypt and Gaza while there were Israeli statements indicating readiness for joint control over bridges between the West Bank and Jordan. Mr. Christopher will meet

Mr. Arafat again in Tunis on Friday but Palestinian officials have strong doubts that the U.S. will exert any meaningful pressure on

The PLO expects Israel to take some steps on Dec. 13 such as a beginning of rede-ployment of Israeli forces in Gaza to prove its commitment to the accord.

"Such a step will not be enough. After all there are fundamental differences over the issue of withdrawal from Gaza," said the PLO official.

While Israel insists on redeployment of troops in Gaza the PLO wants a total Israeli withdrawal.

## Clinton suffering

from sore back

WASHINGTON (R) - President Bill Chinton has had in stop jogging temporarily while he recovers from a pulled back muscle that has been causing him some pain, he said. Mr. Clinton, an avid jogger who runs four or five times a week, has been off the streets since Wednesday, when he pulled a muscle. "I just have to wait a while to run." Mr. Clinton told reporters during a stroll across Pennsylvania Avenue to the White House following a news conference at Blair House with Spanish Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez. "I'm fine. Actually, I'm feeling hetter than I thought I would right now." the president added. But later during an Oval Office session. with senior citizens, Mr. Clinton sat with a pillow supporting his lower back. White House spokeswoman Dee Dec Myers said the president had not seen a doctor and was taking nonprescription pain relivers to reduce the soreness.

#### Church denies blocking Charles as king

LONDON (R) — The and Archbishop of Canterbury George Carey Tuesday dismissed as untrue a newspaper report which suggested he was trying to stop Prince Charles becoming king because of an alleged adulterous affair. Bri tain's top-selling Sun tabloid, claimed in a front-page report that the Church of England was pressing Prince Charles to ... renounce his succession to the throne in favour of his son Prince William, But a spokeswoman for Arch. Carey said: "Any suggestion that the archbishop was seeking to influence the succession to the throne is pure fabrication." The Sun, one of Prince Charles's fiercest critics; said Arch. Carey believed the 45-year-old prince had made himself unfit to be king by allegedly having a long-term affair with a married wo man. Camilla Parker Bowles. As king Prince Charles would become head of the Church of England and defender of the Anglican faith. which preaches that marriage vows are sacred. "Senior clergy feel it might be appropriate for Charles to renounce his inheritance early and devote his life to preparing Prince William, 11, for the task," the Sun said. Princess Diana's surprise announcement last week Attecute that she was retreating from public life has intensified talk. of a divorce from Prince 200 4. Charles. The couple separated a - ..... a year ago.

142.11

#### Diana christens plane

LONDON (AP) — Princess Diana's wish to be left alone hasn't been granted by the fairy godfathers of Fleet fairy godfatners of Field Street not yet anyway. As the 32-year-old princess ducked fizzing champagne Monday at Tumbo let. the christening of a Jumbo Jet.

British papers bulged with "exclusive stories and creative scenarios on the future of the royal family without Princess Diana, the tabloids favourite weapon in their circulation wars. On Friday, Princess Diana announced that she was edging out of the limelight. forsaking much of her charity work and ceremonies - like aircraft christenings - to spend more time with her sons. Princes William, 11, and Harry. 9. who attend boarding school outside London.

#### **Actress wins \$2m** libel award from Zsa Zsa

Bied k.ili

LOS ANGELES (R) - A jury awarded actress Elke Sommer \$2 million in compensatory damages in a libel suit agains? Zsa Zsa Gabor and her hushand, who were accused of saving thm Sommer was broke, halding and frequenced sleazy hars. Richard Poscil. Sommer's attorney, said his client declined to comment until the jury had finished its work. The punel was scheduled to meel Tuesday to decide punitive damages. Ms. Sommer, 51 claimed she suffered sheepies in nights. headuches and nauses in which is the state of the same of the after remarks reportedly made by Ms. Gabor and her husband, Frederick Von Anhalt were published in a German A magazine in 1981. Thresholder of the Santa Monica lifet trial of Ms. Gahur demed caping at Sonnier. Her husband, Von Anhalt, admitted making sund of the statements. Ms. Gahar is liable for \$800.000 of the award. Von Anhalt's share

هكذا حن التهل

Israel expects Syria talks (Continued from page 1)

grant exist permits by the end of this year to all Syrian Jews who want to leave - probably about SOU people out of a total Jewish population of 1.200. State Department Spokes-

that "achieving this will be a formidable task (and) funds must be rapidly mobilised and disbursed in a productive manner within a very short period of time." It sets as one of its goals the

direct and indirect creation of 150,000 or more job opportunines through direct employ-ment in U.N. activities and stimulating local economic activity through local procurement and increased consumer demands in 1994.

#### Self-rule talks remain stalled

(Continued from page 1)

postponing the Dec. 13 deadline for Israeli troops to withdraw from Gaza Strip and Jericho despite difficulties in negotiations on the plan.

For me it is a sacred date because it had been agreed that the withdrawal is to start on the 13th of this month," Mr. Arafat told reporters on his first-ever official visit to

"I hope it will be an accurate and honest implementation... (otherwise) it would reflect negatively on the credibility of the peace process." Israeli Foreign Minister Shi-

mon Peres said he would meet Mr. Arafat in Spain on Thursday. The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) said Monday the two men would jointly address a news confer-

ence in Granada, Spain, during a UNESCO-organised meeting on Middle East peace. Mr. Peres, who secretly

negotiated the peace deal with the PLO, confirmed the meeting with Mr. Arafat to Israel Radio on Tuesday but would not elaborate on what he and Mr. Arafat would discuss.

Mr. Peres asked if he and Mr. Arafat would focus on the deadline, told the radio: "No, I don't intend to conduct nego-

"It is a meeting set in another connection altogether and I don't want to exploit it for any sort of mini-negotia-

Asked what then they would discuss. Mr. Peres said: "Outside of negotiations there's nothing to talk about? We'll talk about the future. How we see things but not enter into the details of negotiations."

During the Granada symposium from Dec. 8-10. Israeli and Palestinian intellectuals will seek to establish a "transition from a culture of war to a culture of peace." UNESCO

In occupied Jerusalem, U.S.

Secretary of State Warren Christopher said that because of the latest violence in the West Bank it was a time for redoubling our efforts to seek peace and security for all the people of Israel.

Mr. Christopher and Prime Minister Rabin met for about an hour and then hinted broad-Washington he expects to announce plans to resume bilateral negotiations between Israel and the Arab parties to the peace process.

Mr. Christopher said he was optimistic about setting in motion "once again mechanisms that can work" towards peace in the region.

The secretary of state also gave Mr. Rabin a letter from President Bill Clinton that repeated assurances Mr. Clinton gave the prime minister during his mid-November visit to Washington.

Those included a promise to provide Iserael with 50 F16A fighter planes over the next